

Report on Mission at SOCFINDO

13 - 25 June 1991

P. GENER



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August 1991

PLAN

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1. INTRODUCTION

The procedure for this annual technical mission has now been well established: in agreement with those in charge of the SOCFINDO Agriculture Department and the managers of each plantation, a list of blocks representative of the estates as a whole is drawn up. All the blocks are then visited and recommendations are made for the coming tapping year.

The following parameters are taken into account when drawing up recommendations:

- the position of the cut on the tree
- stimulation intensity
- the clone
- the age of the trees
- the previous year's production level
- the general condition of the trees
- any information likely to affect the physiological behaviour of the tree and production.

From 1992 onwards, the results of latex diagnosis will be added to these parameters, with a view to ensuring better adaptation of the tapping system, the importance of which for obtaining optimum production is well known.

Our sincere thanks go to Mr. Tampubolon and Mr. Sitepu for their excellent organization of the mission, and to the estate managers:

Mr. Sahala Sormin (Aek-Pamienke)
Mr. Said Aliun (Halimbe)
Mr. J.P. Sirait (Tanah-Besih)
Mr. H.A.G. Adlin (Tanjung Maria)
Mr. Idris Daud (Lima Puluh)

for their hospitality and cooperation.

2. Estate visits - 1992 tapping system recommendations

2.1. AEK-PAMIENKE

- ♦ Area tapped in 1990 : 3,023 ha
- ♦ Area being tapped in 1991 : 3,185 ha
- ♦ Increase in production per ha 1989/1990 : + 5.9%
- ♦ For plantings aged 20 years and over, the number of trees being tapped per hectare varies from 169 to 423. For those aged 10 to 20 years, the number varies from 211 to 487. For plantings under 10 years, the number of trees varies from 204 to 385.
- ♦ Unlike the other estates, the low production level in certain blocks is not due on the whole to the number of trees being tapped, but to marshy zones.
- ♦ The blocks with abnormally low production ($\leq 1,300$ kg/ha) are:
50 - 48 - 22 - 23 - 28 - 33 - 45 - 66 - 12 - 55 - 59 - 14 - 56 - 57 - 58 - 60 - 63 - 12 - 14 - 61 - 63 - 68 - 60 - 47 - 80 - 82 - 4
- ♦ The blocks with satisfactory to good production ($\geq 1,500$ kg/ha) are:
51 - 45 - 24 - 25 - 29 - 30 - 31 - 35 - 65 - 67 - 68 - 69 - 70 - 71 - 72 - 15 - 17 - 20 - 21 - 26 - 27 - 38 - 39 - 40 - 41 - 74 - 75 - 76 - 77 - 32 - 13 - 11 - 14 - 58 - 62 - 64A 64B - 65 - 78 - 79 - 81.
- ♦ The tapping system recommendations for 1992 are given in the following tables and diagrams.

AEK - PAMIENKE

Visited blocks	Associated blocks	Planting year /clone	Tapping system and stimulation 1992	a.i. mg/t/year
32 and 71	21,22,23,24,25,28,29,30,31,33,34,35,46,45,65,66,67,68,69,70,72,73,74	1970 GT 1	S/2 d/4 ↓ 10 stim. 5 %	400
	part of 21,35,32	AV 2037	S/2 d/4 ↓ 12 stim. 5 %	480
21	15,16,17,18,19,20,26	1971 GT 1	S/2 d/4 ↓ 10 stim. 5 %	400
27	37,38,39,40,41,74,75,76,77	1971 GT 1	S/4 d/4 ↑ 20 stim. 5 %	400
13	14 A	1973 GT 1	S/4 d/4 ↑ 15 stim. 5 %	300
14 B	-	1974 GT 1	S/4 d/4 ↑ 15 stim. 5 %	300
55	59	1974 GT 1	S/4 d/4 ↑ 15 stim. 5 %	300
		AVROS	S/4 d/4 ↑ 20 stim. 5 %	400
60	61,56,57,58	1975 GT 1	S/4 d/4 ↑ 15 stim. 5 %	300
64 A 64 B	62,63	1978 AV 2037	S/2 d/4 ↓ 12 stim. 5 %	480
	-	PR 107	S/2 d/4 ↓ 10 stim. 5 %	400
68	65,63,61,12,14	1979 AV 2037	S/2 d/4 ↓ 12 stim. 5 %	480
		GT 1 - PR 107	S/2 d/4 ↓ 10 stim. 5 %	400
78	79,80	1979 PR 107	S/2 d/4 ↓ 12 stim. 5 %	480
14	12,61,63	1979 GT 1	S/4 d/4 ↑ 15 stim. 5 %	300
81	80,82,83	1981 GT 1	S/2 d/4 10 stim. 5 %	480
4	-	1982 GT 1	S/2 d/4 10 stim. 5 %	400
		AVROS	S/2 d/4 12 stim. 5 %	480
9	10	1985 PB 235	S/4 d/4 3 stim. 2.5 %	45

Date of visit : 14/6/91

Name of the plantations : AEK - PAMIENKE

Block : 71 (associated blocks tapping and production : 24-25-29-30-31-35-65-67-68-69-70-72-74)

area : 29 ha

```

area : 27.1M
clone : GT 1

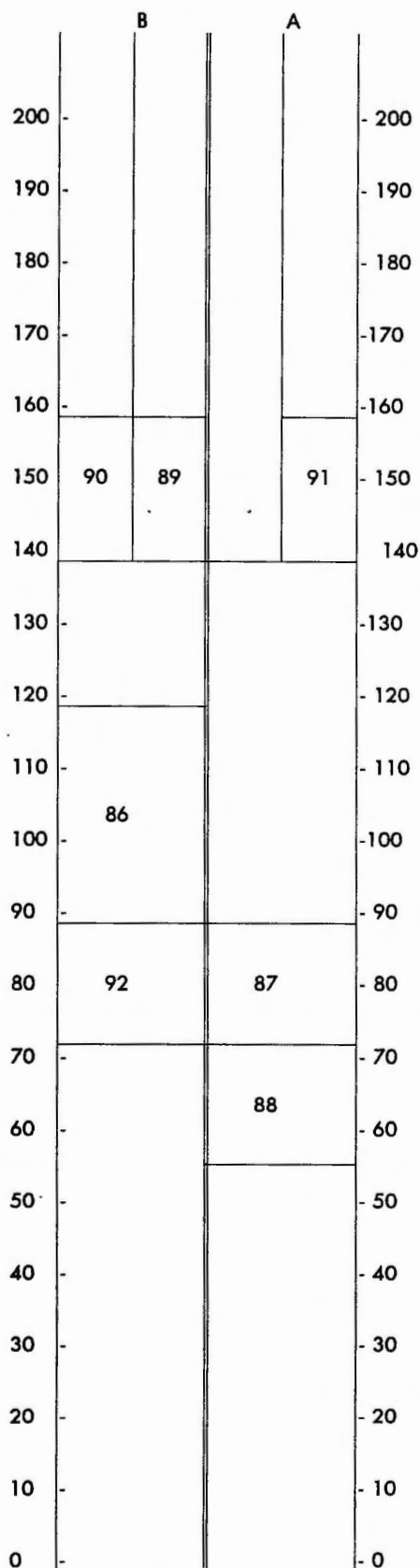
```

date of planting : 1970

date of opening : 1979

Observations :

- productions of these blocks are good.
 - number of trees in tapping for 91 = 330 t/t/ha.
 - 1992 come back to the S/2 d/4 downward as shown on the diagram.
- 10 stimulations 5 %.

[illegible]

Date of visit : 14/6/91

Name of the plantations : AEK - PAMIENKE

Block : 21 (associated blocks : 15 - 16 - 17 - 18 - 19 - 20 - 26)

area : 72 ha

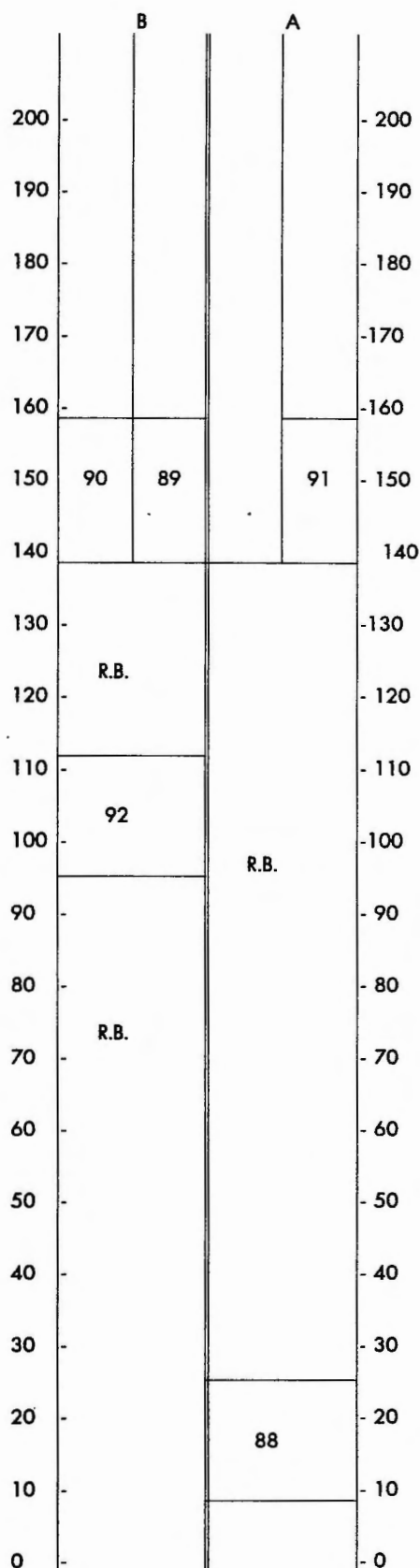
clone : AVROS 2037 = 32 ha - GT 1 = 40 ha

date of planting : 1971

date of opening : 1979

Observations :

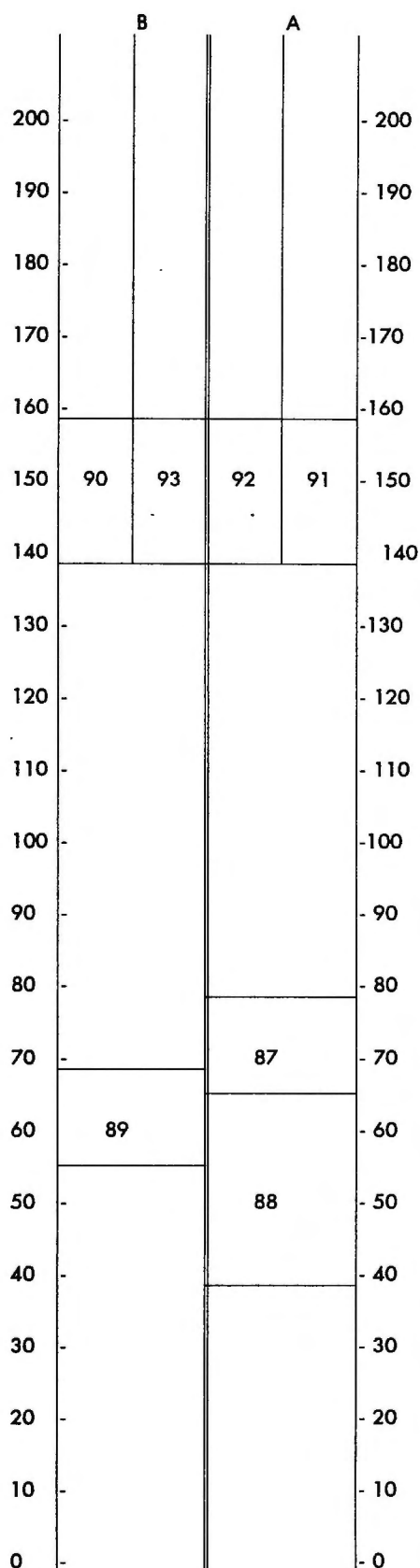
- . production of these blocks are correct
- . in 1992, come back S/2 d/4 downward
 - . 10 stim. 5 % - GT 1
 - . 12 stim. 5 % - AV. 2037

[illegible]

Date of visit : 14/6/91
Name of the plantations : AEK - PAMIENKE
 Block : 13 (associated 14 A)
 area : 62 ha
 clone : GT 1
 date of planting : 1973
 date of opening : 1979

Observations :

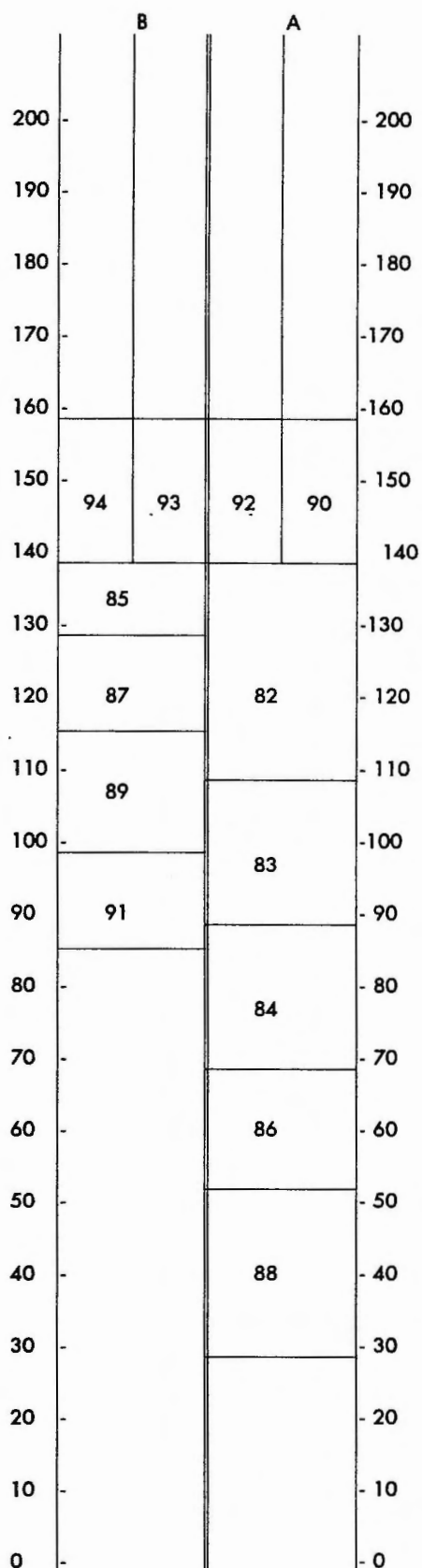
- good quality of tapping
 - follow the diagram in 1992
- S/4 d/4 upward, 15 stimulations 5 %.

[illegible]

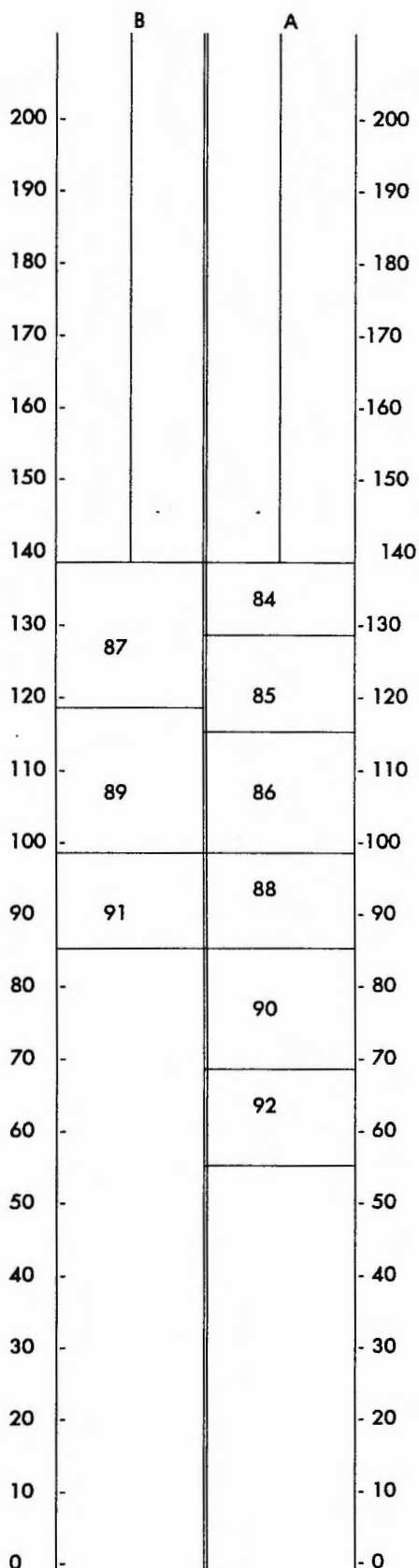
Date of visit : 14/6/91
Name of the plantations : AEK - PAMIENKE
 Block : 14 B
 area : 38 ha
 clone : GT 1
 date of planting : 1974
 date of opening : 1980

Observations :

- level of production correct
- 1992 S/4 d/4 upward tapping
15 stimulations 5 %

[illegible]

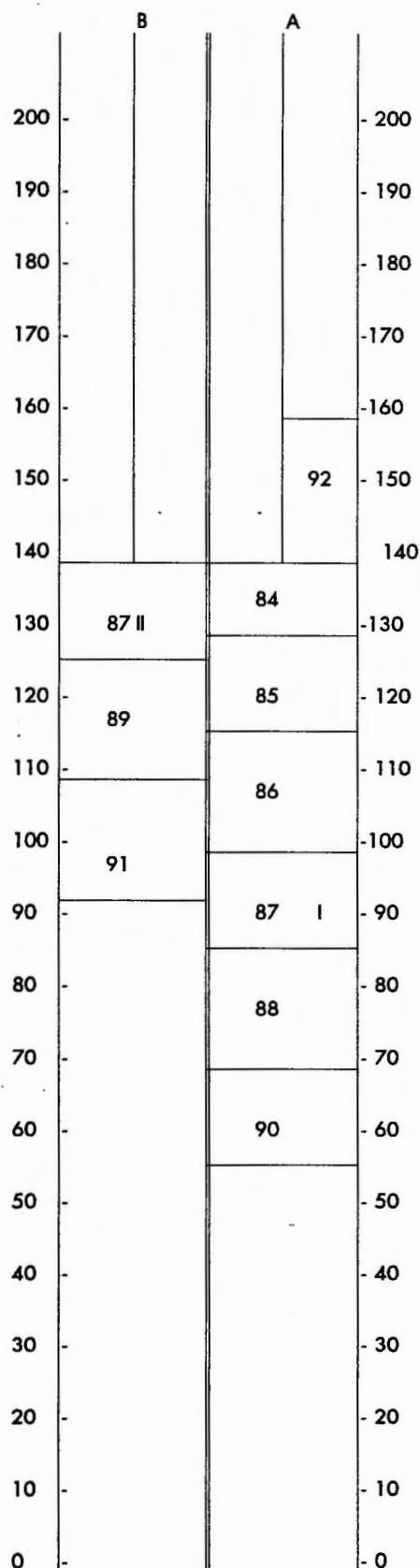
- production is correct
- follow the diagram. One stimulation more in 1992

[illegible]

Date of visit : 14/6/91
Name of the plantations : AEK - PAMIENKE
 Block : 14 (associated blocks : 12 - 61 - 63)
 area : 14 ha
 clone : GT 1
 date of planting : 1979
 date of opening : 1984

Observations :

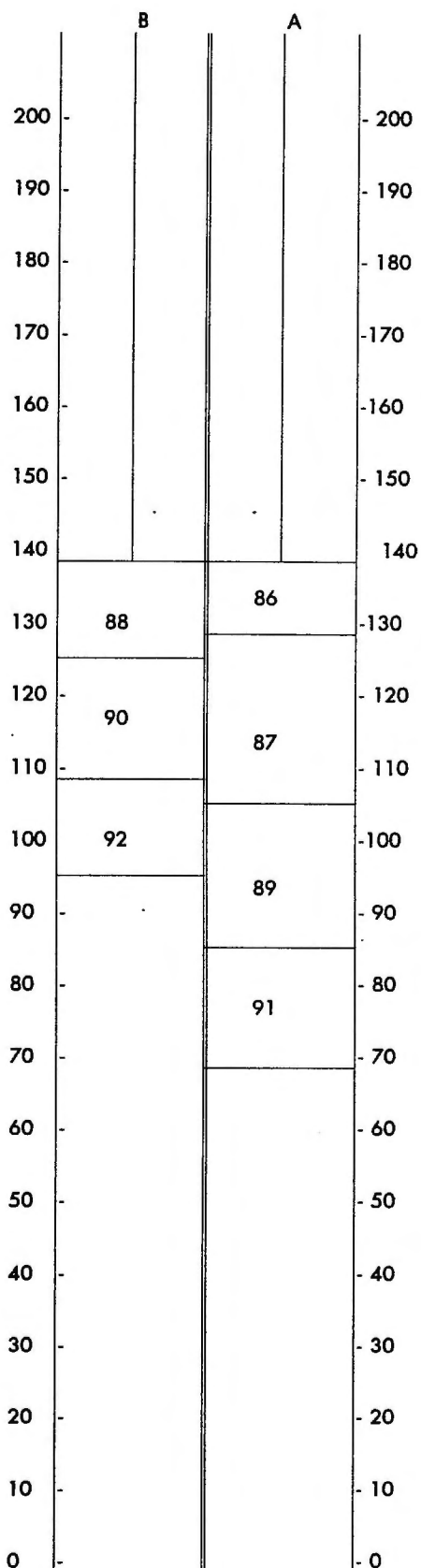
- production is too low
- in 1992 change panel S/4 d/4 upward
15 stimulations 5 %

[illegible]

Date of visit : 14/6/90
Name of the plantations : AEK - PAMIENKE.
 Block : 81 - part of 80 - 82 - 83
 area : 44 ha
 clone : GT 1
 date of planting : 1981
 date of opening : 1986

Observations :

- follow the diagram.
- 1992, S/2 d/4 downward
10 stimulations at 5 %

[illegible]

17

Block : 4

area : 68 ha

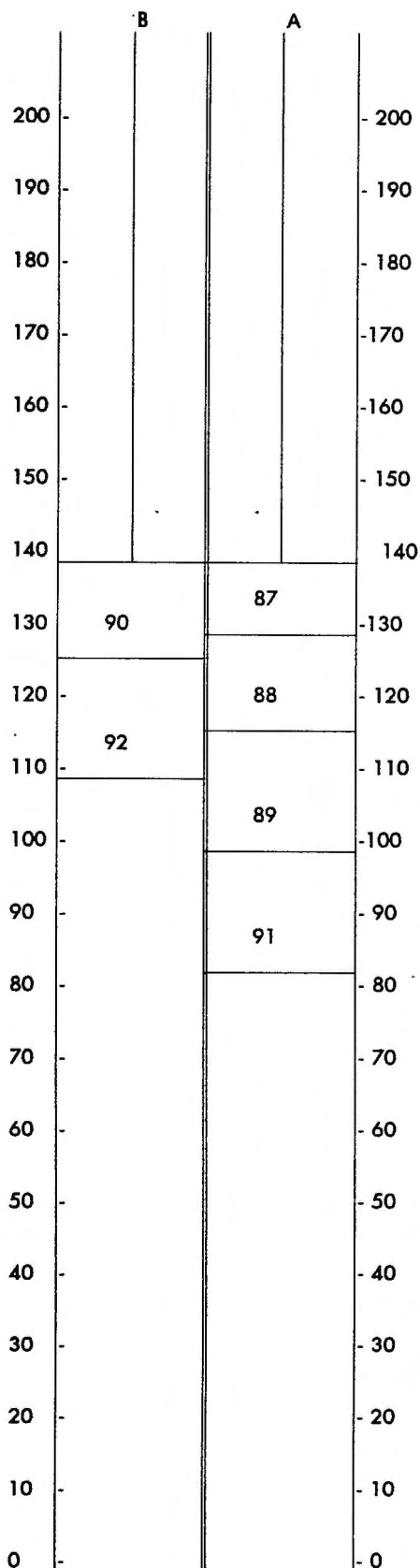
done : AV 2037/ GT1

date of planting : 1982

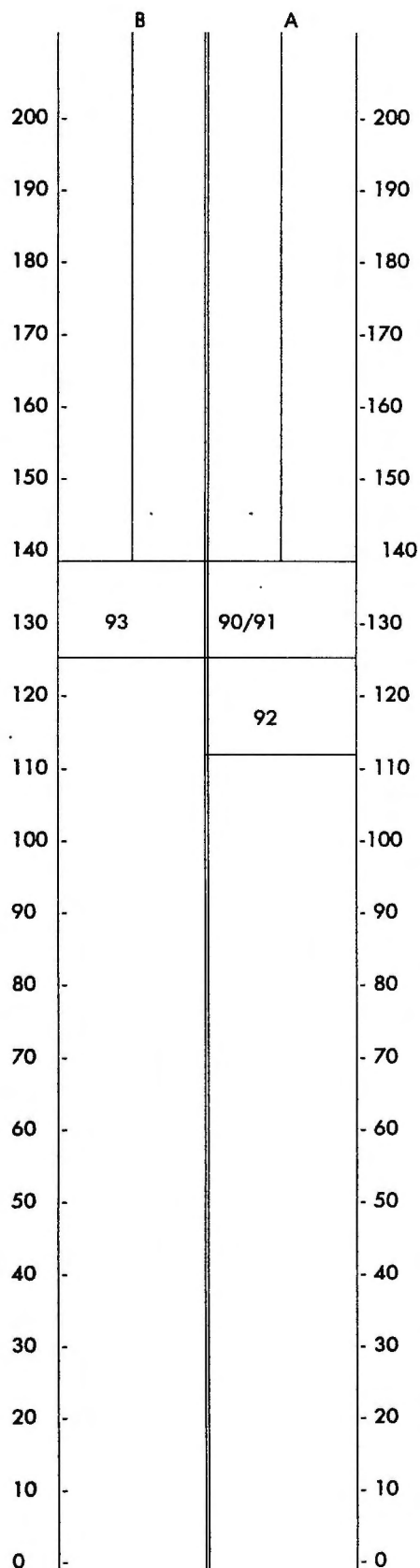
date of opening : 1987

Observations :

- level of production too low
- follow the diagram.
- according to the good conditions of leaves in 1992, increase stimulation for
 $GT_1 = 10 \text{ stim. } 5\%$
 $AVROS = 12 \text{ stim. } 5\%$

[illegible]

• according to the good level of production at opening in 1992, only 3 stimulations at 2.5 %

[illegible]

2.2. HALIMBE

- ♦ Area tapped in 1990 : 623 ha
- ♦ Area being tapped in 1991 : 1,251 ha
- ♦ Average production per ha : 561 kg

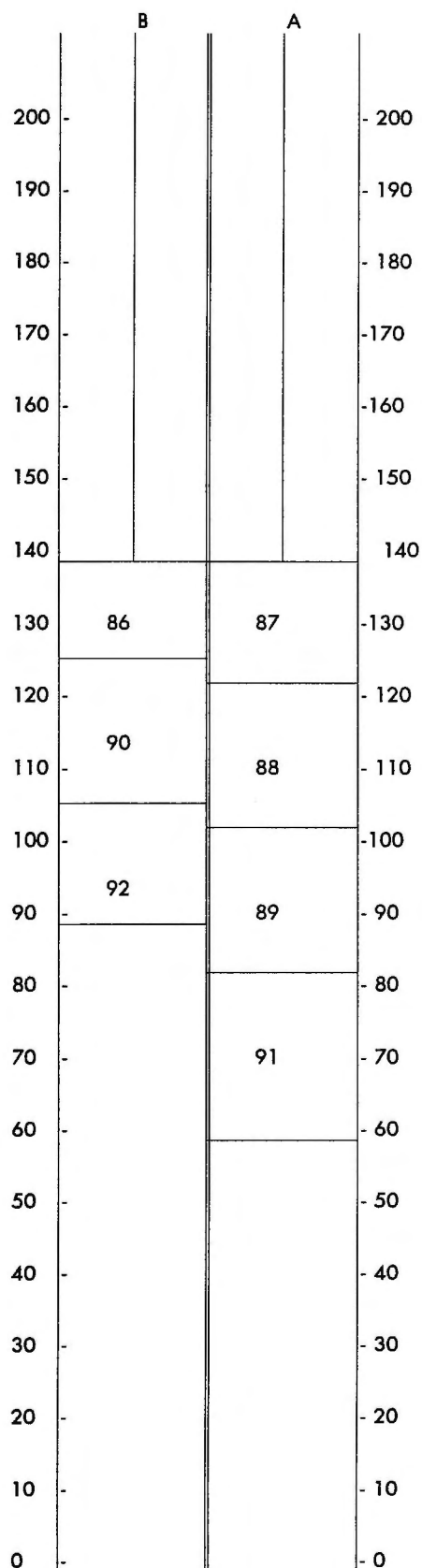
Although production is increasing, the production level per hectare remains low, for the following reasons:

- The number of trees per hectare and being tapped is low in certain blocks.
 - Young plantings (the oldest are 10 years old); the average production level increases proportionally with age.
 - The defoliation/refoliation phenomenon is not clear-cut on this estate. Leaf diseases have had little impact this year, probably due to climatic conditions. Despite low leaf disease incidence, around 20% of the trees were undergoing defoliation at the time of our visit in JUNE, whereas on the other estates GT 1 refoliation had already finished several weeks before.
- ♦ It would be interesting to monitor the production increases on this estate with its specific ecological and topographical conditions, and compare them to the yields obtained under so-called "conventional" cropping conditions.

HALIMBE
Tapping system and stimulation 1992

Visited blocks	Associated blocks	Planting year /clone	Tapping system and stimulation 1992	a.i. mg/t/year
7	-	1980 GT 1	S/2 d/4 10 stim. 5 %	400
12	-	1981 GT 1	S/2 d/4 12 stim. 2.5 %	240
13	14 - 15	1982 GT 1	S/2 d/4 12 stim. 2.5 %	240
16	21 - 22	1983 GT 1	S/2 d/4 12 stim. 2.5 %	240
2	6 - 7 - 10 - 18 - 28 - 29 - 34	1984 GT 1	S/2 d/4 10 stim. 2.5 %	175
3	4 - 5 - 8 - 11 - 12	1984 GT 1	S/2 d/4 10 stim. 2.5 %	175
23	17	1984 PB 235	S/2 d/4 6 stim. 2.5 %	120
27	33	1984 PR 261	S/2 d/4 9 stim. 5 %	360
	26 (1983)	1984 AV. 2037	S/2 d/4 9 stim. 5 %	360
8	9 - 13 - 14 - 15 - 19 - 20 24 - 26 - 28 - 29 - 33 - 36	1985 PB 260	S/2 d/4 4 stim. 2.5 %	70

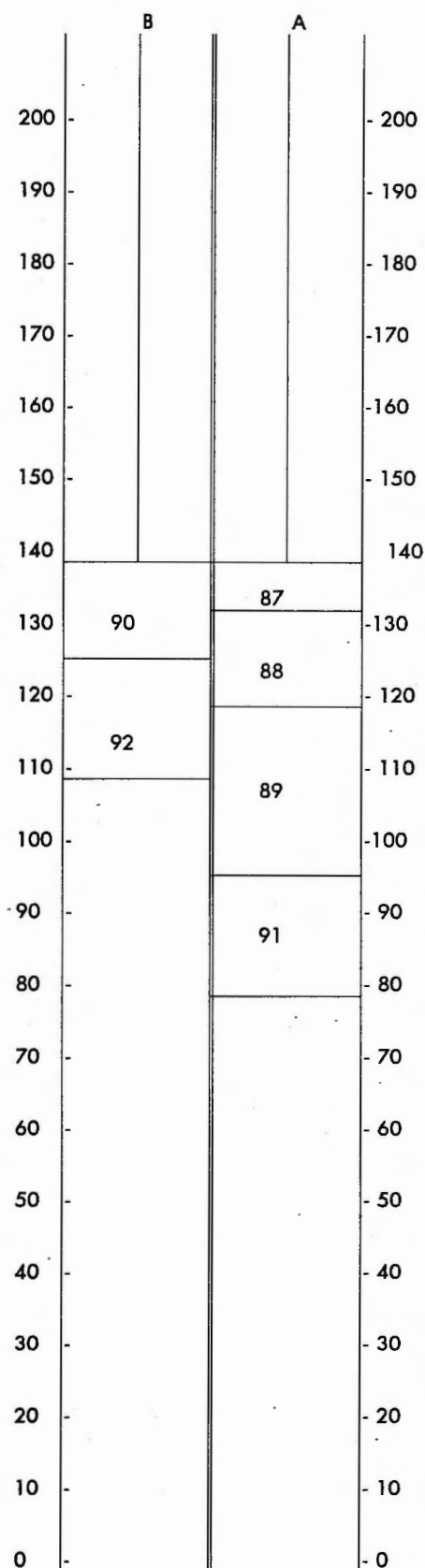
- . only 227 t/t/ha
- . be careful to the bark consumption.
On panel A, the consumption was too high.
- . 1992 change pannel and increase the stimulation at 10 stim. 5 %

[illegible]

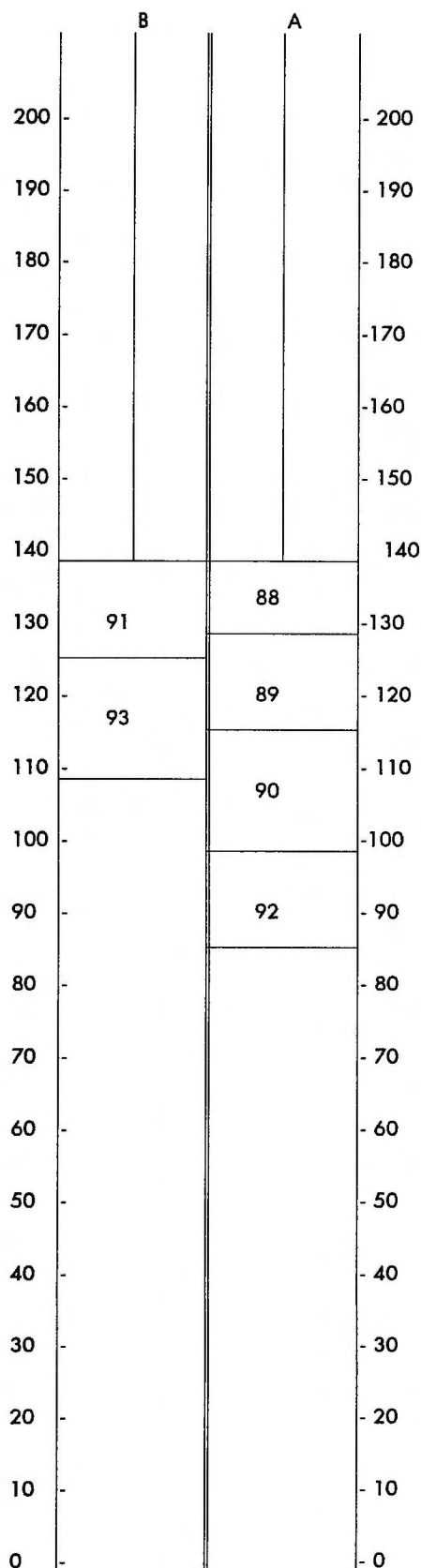
Date of visit : 15/6/91
Name of the plantations : HALIMBE
 Block : 12
 area : 36 ha
 clone : GT 1
 date of planting : 1981
 date of opening : 1987

Observations :

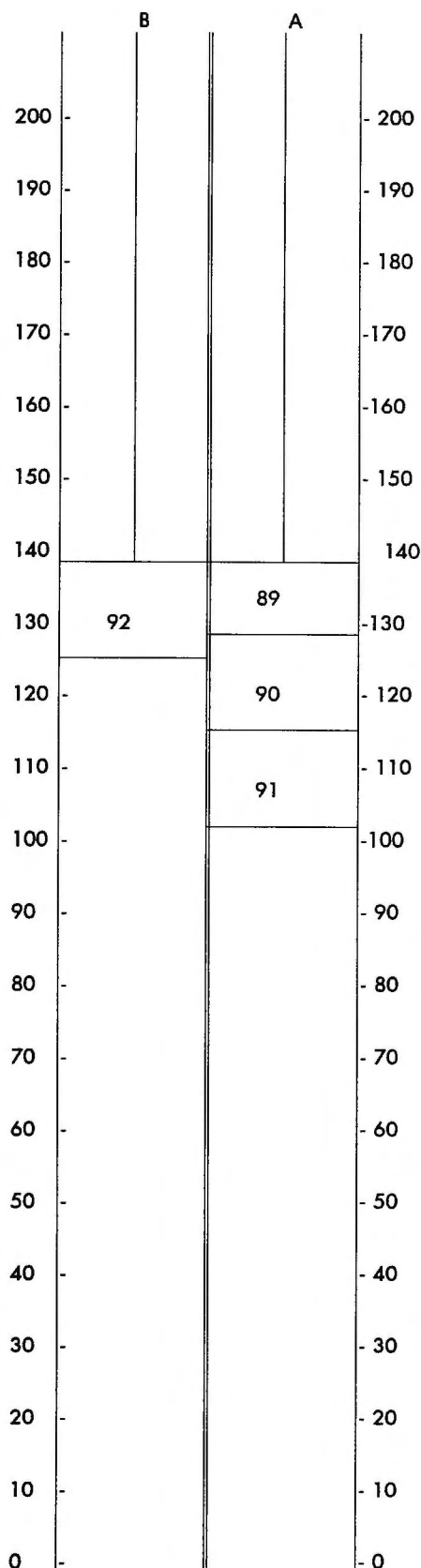
- only 259 t/t/ha
- in 1992 change pannel as on the diagram
same stimulation = 12 stim. 2.5 %.

[illegible]

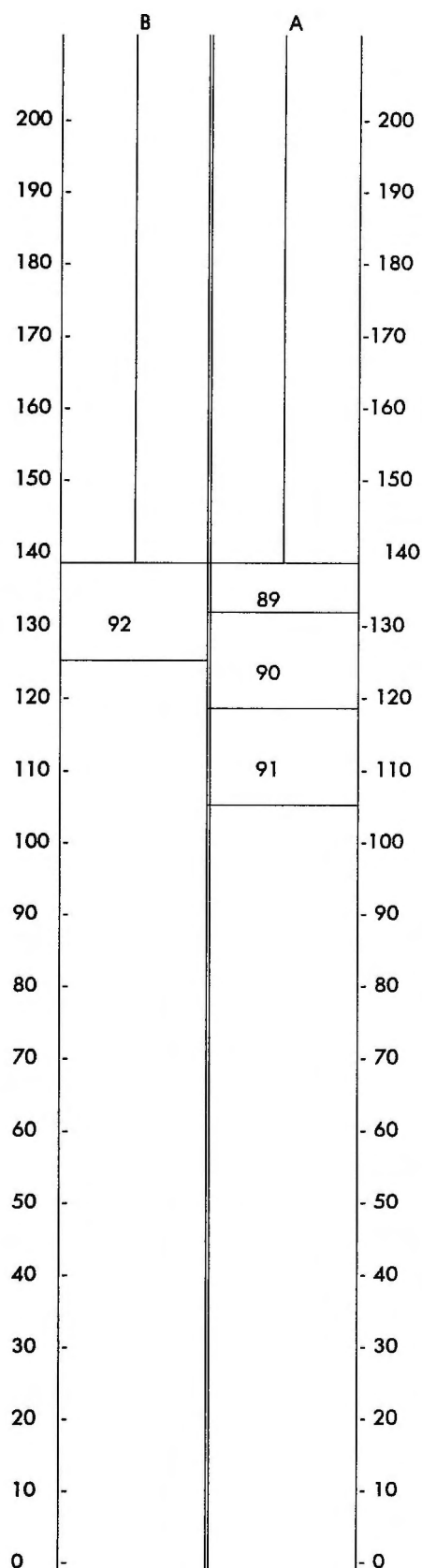
- only 231 t/t/ha
- change pannel and increase the stimulation = 12 stim. 2.5 %

[illegible]

- the crowns are light. Follow the evolution of the foliar density.
- 261 trees/t/ha for a total of 329 t/ha.
- change pannel in 1992 and apply 6 stim. at 2.5 %.

[illegible]

- . 189 trees/1/ha but 348 t/ha
- . in 1992 change panel and increase the stimulation at 9.

[illegible]

2.3. LIMA PULUH

- ◆ Area tapped in 1990 : 1,247 ha
- ◆ Area being tapped in 1991 : 1,456 ha
- ◆ Average production per ha : 1,617 kg
- ◆ Difference in production 1989/1990 : - 5.6%

The drop in production is primarily due to the number of trees lost during the tornado in October 1990. To this need to be added the areas in which production started in the 1984 and 1985 crops, which, despite satisfactory production levels in the first 2 tapping years, tend to lower the general average.

- ◆ For the plantings aged 20 years and over, the number of trees being tapped per hectare in 1991 varies from 111 to 368.

For those aged 10 to 20 years, the number varies from 198 to 400.

For those under 10 years, the number varies from 228 to 393.

- ◆ Unfortunately, the tapping trial set up in block 10 is due to be halted at the end of 1991, as the number of broken trees now prevents reliable statistical analysis of the results. The conclusions will be given in Section 4 and the annex. A new trial will be set up at Tanjung-Maria.
- ◆ The tapping system recommendations for 1992 are given in the following tables and diagrams.

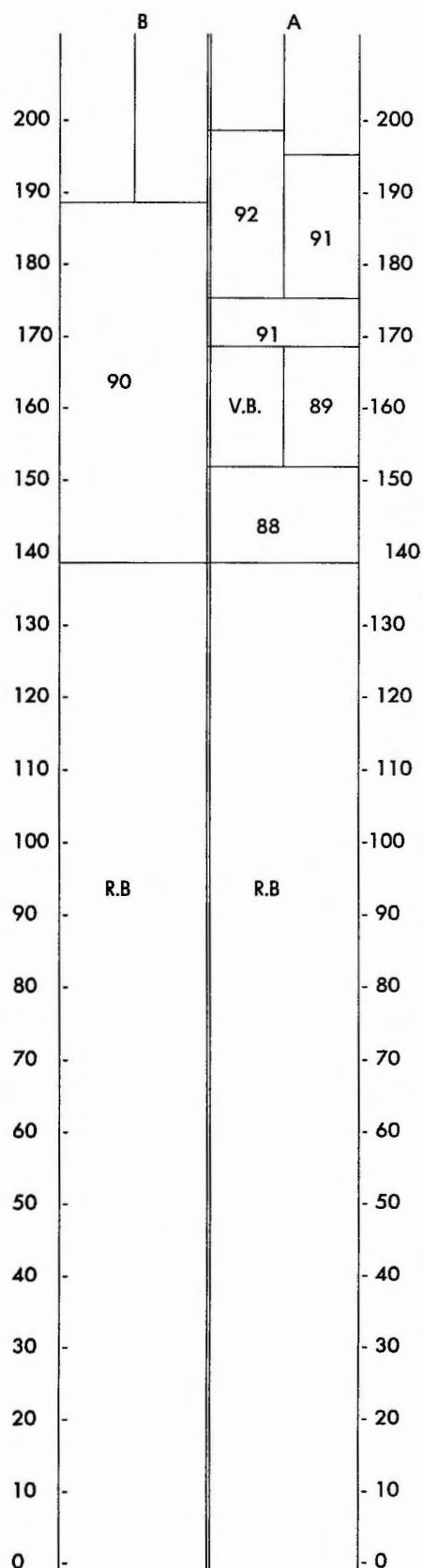
LIMA - PULUH
Tapping system and stimulation 1992

Visited blocks	Associated blocks	Planting year /clone	Tapping system and stimulation 1992	a.i. mg/t/year
38	35	1964/70 GT 1	S/4 d/4 ↑ + 20 stim. 5 %	400
22	15,18,19,23	1969 GT 1	S/4 d/4 ↑ + 20 stim. 5 %	400
50	14, 23,49,18,31,32	1970 GT 1	S/4 d/4 ↑ + 20 stim. 5 %	400
10	23,47	1979 GT 1	S/2 d/4 + 10 stim. 5 %	400
47	50	1979 AV 2037-PR 107	S/2 d/4 + 12 stim. 5 %	480
6	48	1980 GT1	S/2 d/4 + 10 stim. 5 %	400
	11	AV 2037	S/2 d/4 + 12 stim. 5 %	480
34	-	1980 GT 1	S/2 d/4 + 10 stim. 5 %	400
24	25,27,29	1981 AV 2037	S/2 d/4 + 14 stim. 5 %	560
		GT 1	S/2 d/4 + 12 stim. 5 %	480
17	5 A, 18 (GT1), 21 (PB5/51), 21 (PR255), 21 (PR261), 37	1982 GT 1	S/2 d/4 + 12 stim. 2.5 %	240
		AV 2037	S/2 d/4 + 9 stim. 5 %	360
39	-	1983 PB235 - 260	S/2 d/4 + 5 stim. 2.5 %	100
40	-	1983 3 clones	PB 5/51 5 stim. 2.5 %	100
			PR 261-255 8 stim. 5 %	280
36	37,38	1984 PB235-260	S/2 d/4 + 5 stim. 2.5 %	100
6	5,13	1985 PB 235 group	S/2 d/4 + 5 stim. 2.5 %	88
		PR 261 group	S/2 d/4 + 8 stim. 5 %	280
28	25,41	1986 PB 235 group	S/2 d/4 + 4 stim. 2.5 %	60

Date of visit : 20/6/91
Name of the plantations : LIMA - PULUH
 Block : 38 (associated block 35)
 area : 25 ha
 clone : GT 1
 date of plantin 1964
 date of opening : "

Observations :

- this block must be replanted, but after the storm octobre 1990 the number of trees justified not to fall down the trees. Then, tapping system must be more conservative.
- From July 91 tap S/4 d/4 upward with a stimulation at 5 % every fortnight.
- 1992 S/4 d/4 ith 20 stimulations at 5 %
- Number of trees in tapping 215 t/ha.

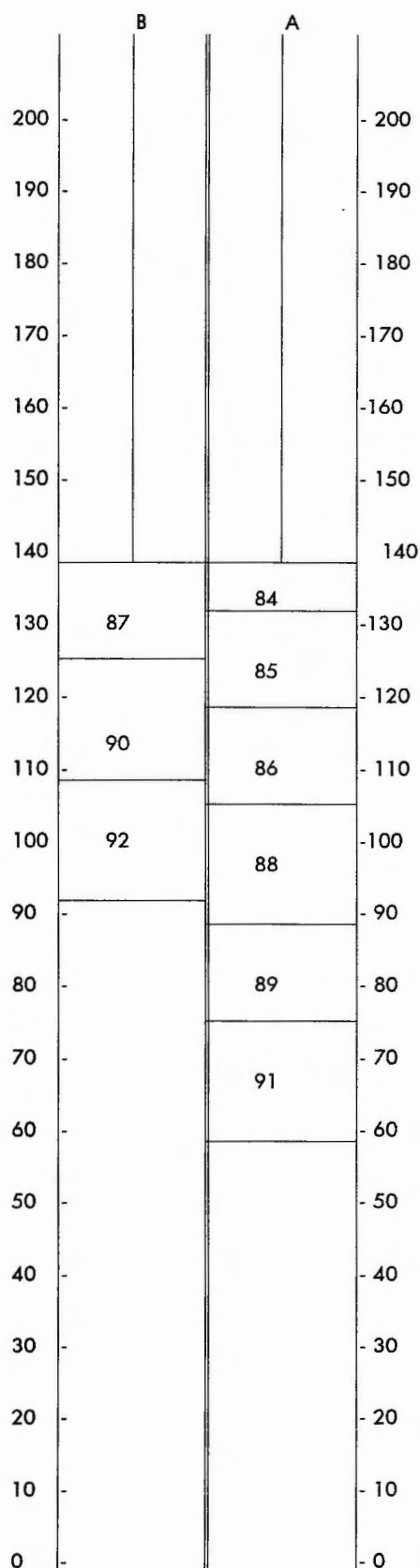
[illegible]

Date of visit : 20/6/91
Name of the plantations : LIMA - PULUH
 Block : 10 (associated blocks : 23 - 47)
 area : 37 ha
 clone : GT 1
 date of planting : 1979
 date of opening : 1984

Observations :

Before the storm of October 90, the number of tree in tapping was 421 t/t/ha
in 1991 the number of trees is : 272 t/t/ha
35 % of trees have been lost.

. follow diagram S/2 d/4 - 10 stim. 5 %

[illegible]

Date of visit : 20/6/91

Name of the plantations : LIMA - PULUH

Block : 17 (associated blocks : 5 A - 18 - 21-37)

area : 25 ha

```

done :      GT 1

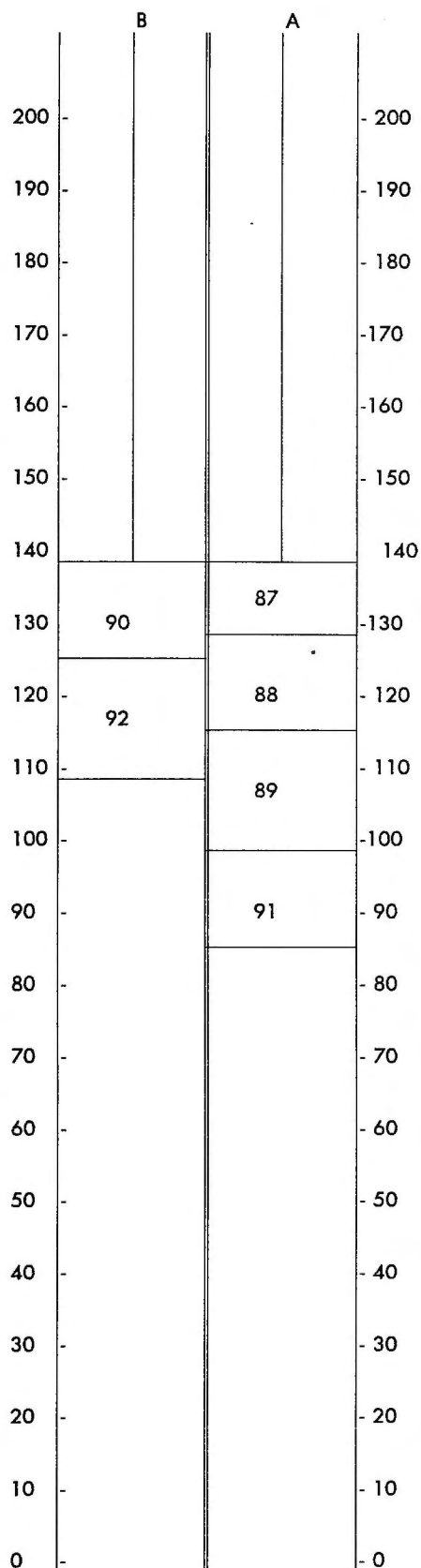
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date of planting : 1982

date of opening : 1987

Observations :

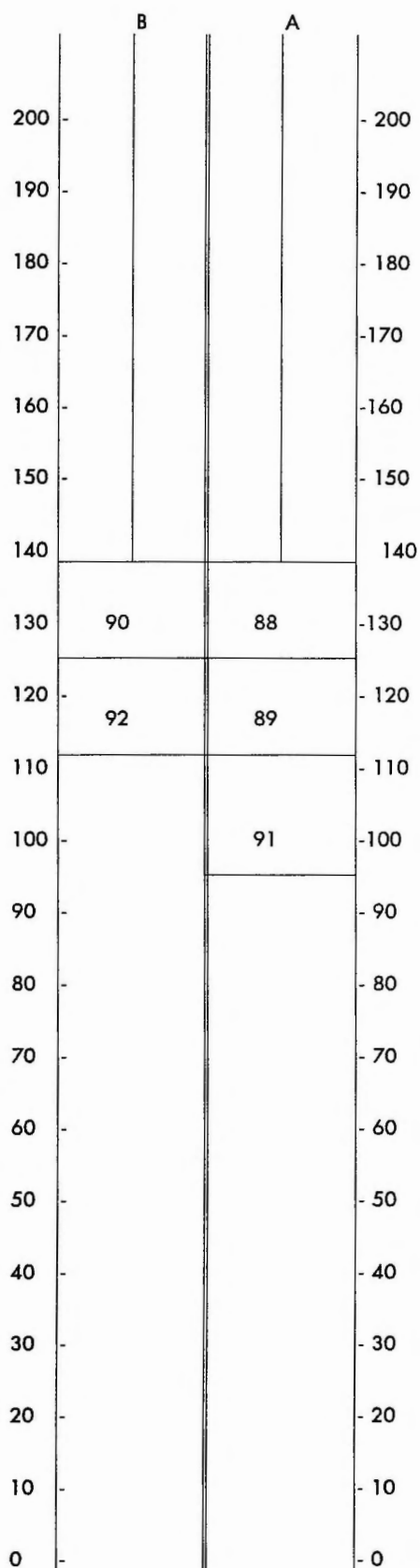
- . Blocks 5A - 18 - 21 - 17 = 12 stim. 2.5 %
- . Blocks 21 (PR 261) - 37 = 9 stim. 5 %
- . Production is good except for block 18.

[illegible]

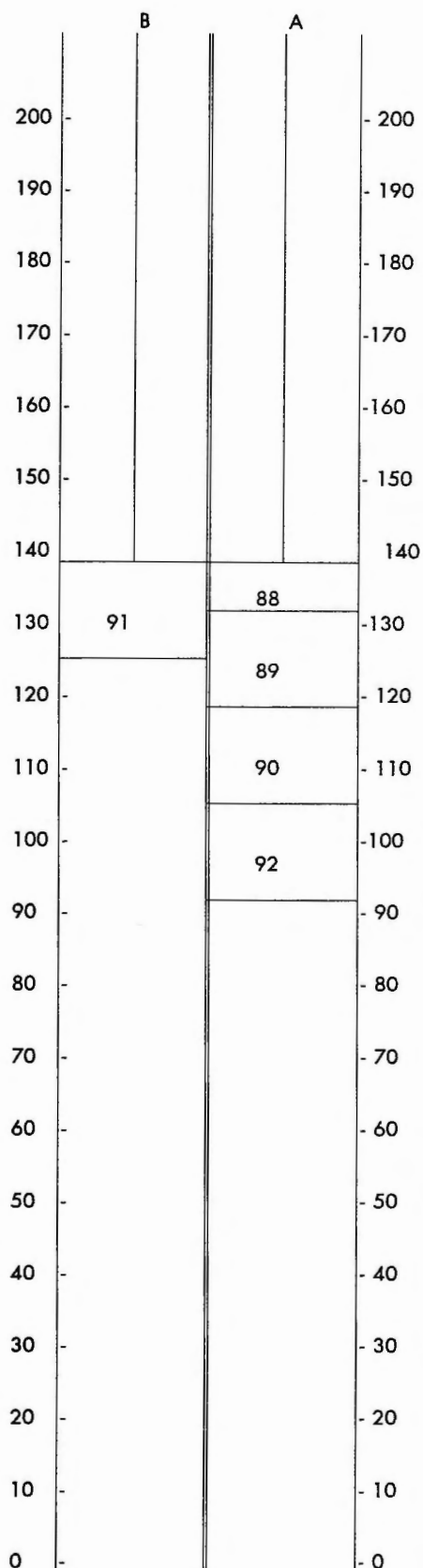
Date of visit : 20/6/91
Name of the plantations : LIMA - PULUH
 Block : 39
 area : 43 ha
 clone : PB 235 (21 ha) - PB 260 (22 ha)
 date of planting : 1983
 date of opening : 1988

Observations :

- . Level of production very good
- . In 1992, only 5 stimulations at 2.5 %
- . After the storm, the number of trees in tapping is :
 - PB 235 before : 349 after : 299 losses : 14 %
 - PB 260 before : 380 after : 298 losses : 22 %

[illegible]

- PB 5/51 = 5 stim. 2.5 %
- PR 261 and PR 255 = 8 stim. 5 %
be carefull the wounds
- follow the diagram
- level of production is good except for PR 255

[illegible]

Date of visit : 20/6/91

Name of the plantations : LIMA - PULUH

Block : 36 (associated blocks 37 - 38)

area : 56 ha

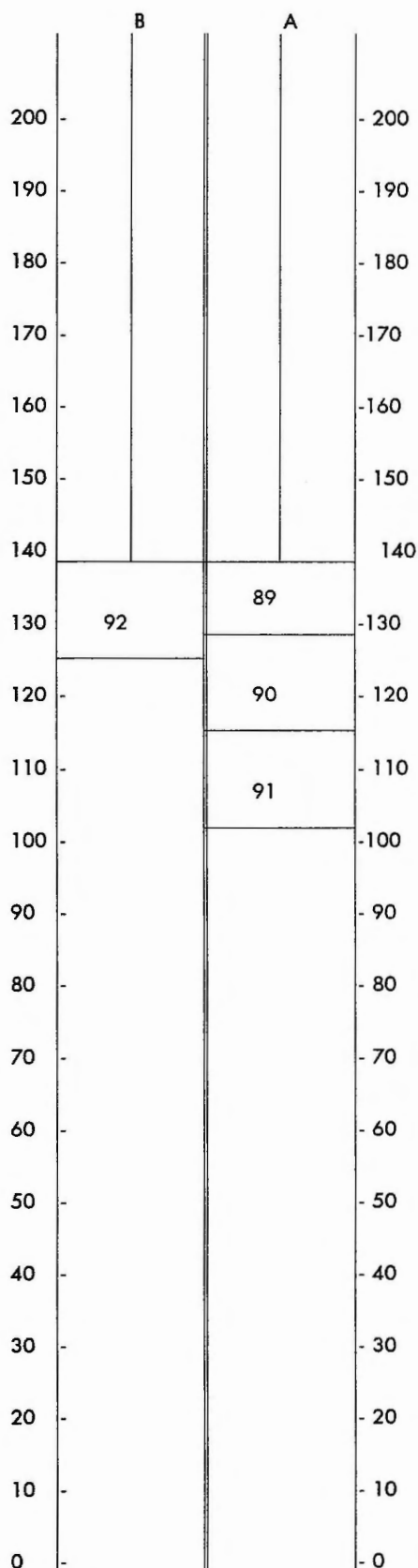
clone : PB 260 (28 ha) - PB 235 (30 ha)

date of planting : 1984

date of opening : 1989

Observations :

- very good level of production
- very small wind damage
- only 5 stimulations at 2.5 %

[illegible]

LIMA - PULUH (LIDAH - TANAH)

Visited blocks	Associated blocks	Planting year /clone	Tapping system and stimulation 1992	a.i. mg/t/year
11	4	1971 GT 1	S/4 ↑ 18 stim. 5 %	360
	1 - 2 - 3 - 5	AVROS 2037	S/4 ↑ 24 stim. 5 %	480
7	7 - 9	1972 GT 1	S/4 ↑ 18 stim. 5 %	360
	5 - 6 - 8 - 10	AVROS 2037	S/4 ↑ 24 stim. 5 %	480

2.4. TANAH BESI

- ♦ Area tapped in 1990 : 971 ha
- ♦ Area being tapped in 1991 : 1,058 ha
- ♦ Average production per ha : 1,645 kg
- ♦ Increase in production per ha 1989/1990 : + 6.4%
- ♦ The comments on the number of trees being tapped are as follows:
 - For plantings aged over 10 years, the number of trees being tapped varies from 222 to 393.
 - For plantings aged 10 years and under, the number of trees being tapped varies from 309 to 386.
- ♦ Production levels are satisfactory on the whole, apart from blocks 24, 40, 5, 31, 22, 26 and 32 for which production ought to increase.
- ♦ The tapping system recommendations for 1992 are given in the following tables and diagrams.

TANAH - BESI

Visited blocks	Associated blocks	Planting year /clone	Tapping system and stimulation 1992	a.i. mg/t/year
35	33 - 36 - 37	1969 GT 1	S/4 ↗ d/4 + 20 stim. 5 %	400
39	30	1977 Polyclones	S/4 ↗ d/4 + 20 stim. 5 %	400
10	30	1978 GT 1	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 12 stim. 5 %	480
	7 - 8 - 38	PR 107 - AVROS	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 14 stim. 5 %	560
2	24 - 25	1979 Group AVROS	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 14 stim. 5 %	560
	6 - 1	GT 1	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 12 stim. 5 %	480
34	part of 29	1980 GT 1	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 10 stim. 5 %	400
	40 - 29	Group AVROS	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 12 stim. 5 %	480
31	-	1981 GT 1	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 10 stim. 5 %	400
5	-	1981 AV 2037	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 12 stim. 5 %	480
26	32 - 22	1982 GT 1	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 12 stim. 2.5 %	240
	part 26	AVROS	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 9 stim. 5 %	360
21	20	1983 GT 1	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 12 stim. 2.5 %	240
	27	PR 261 - 255	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 9 stim. 5 %	360
19	18	1984 PB 235 - 260	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 4 stim. 2.5 %	60
	18	PR 261 - 255	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 8 stim. 5 %	280
15	9	1985 PB 235 - 260	S/2 ↘ d/4 + 4 stim. 2.5 %	60

Date of visit : 17/6/91

Name of the plantations : TANAH - BESI

Block : 35 (associated blocks - 36 - 37 - 33)

area : 39 ha

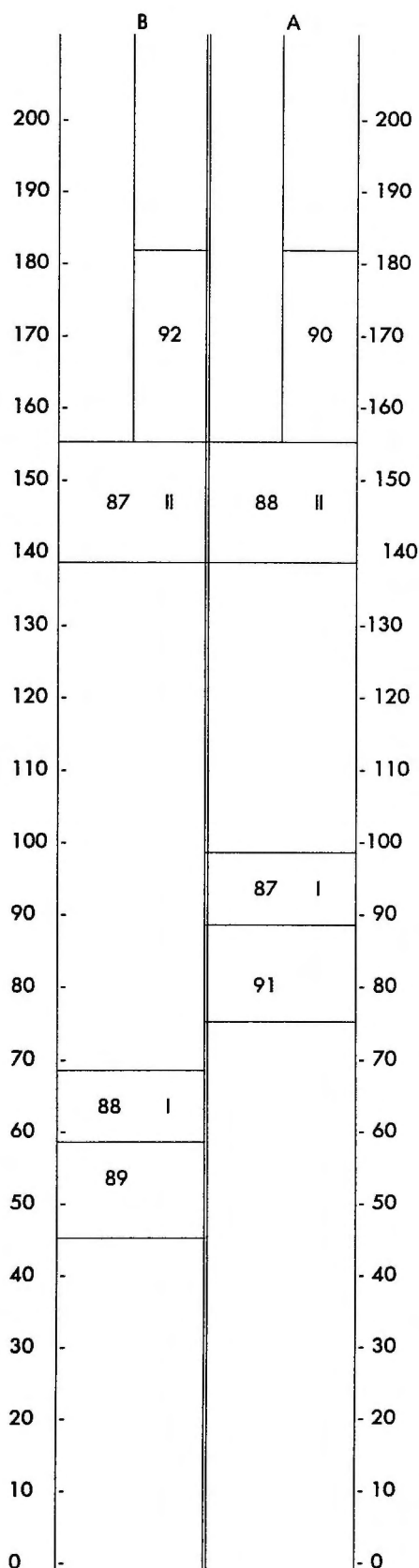
clone : GT 1

date of planting : 1968

date of opening :

Observations :

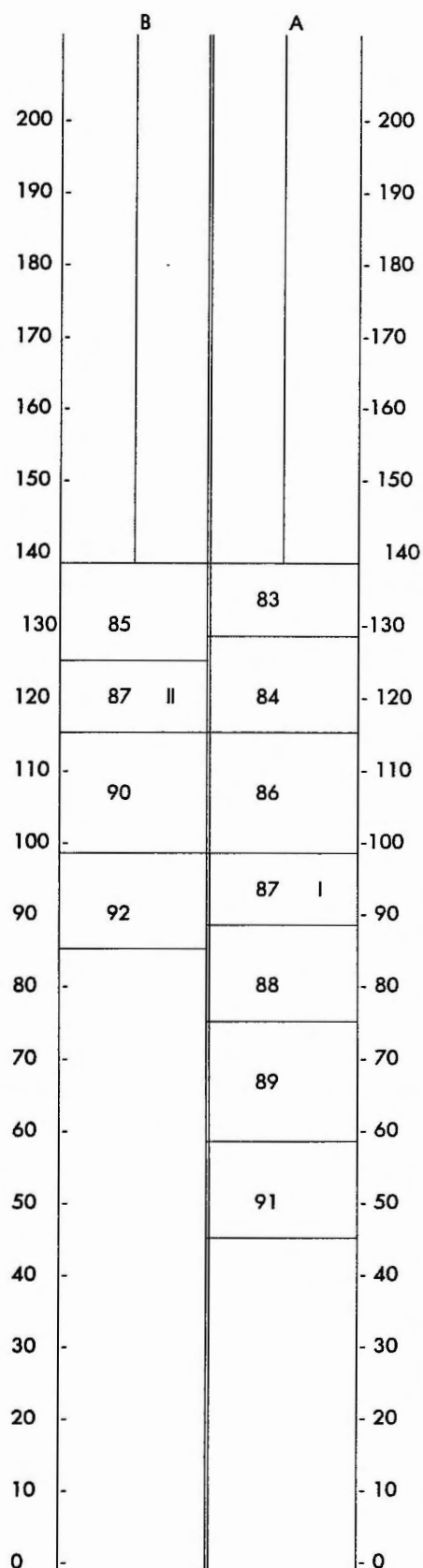
- . this block will be replanted in 1994 so,
- the tapping will be stopped on June 93.
- . stimulation intensity must be increased to 20 for 1992
- . see the diagram S/4 upward + 20 stim. 5 %

[illegible]

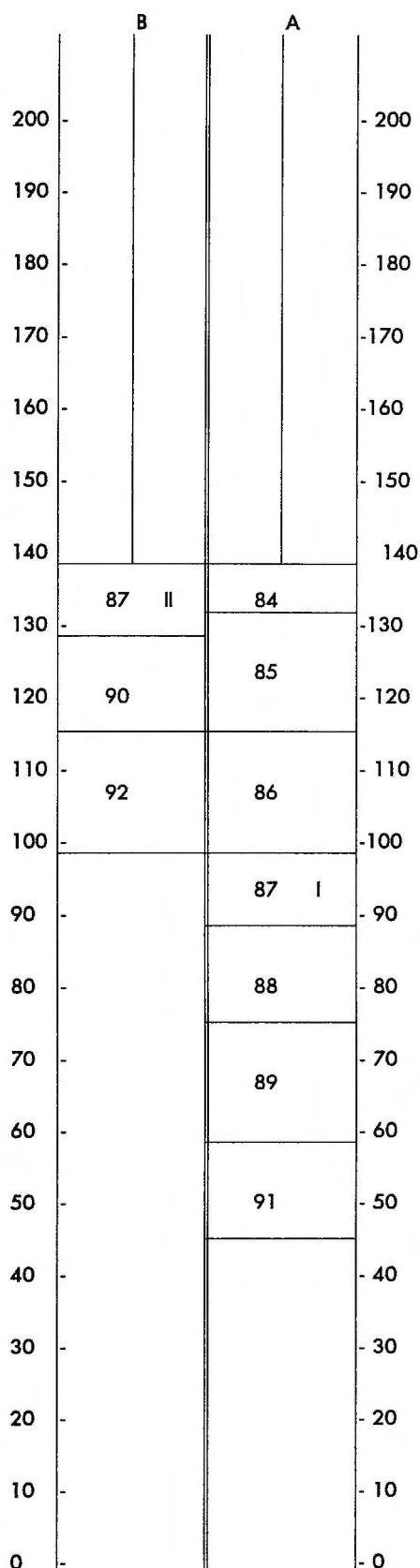
Observations:

- blocks 10 - 30 - GT 1 = 12 stim. 5 %
- blocks 38 - PR 107 = 12 stim. 5 %
- blocks 7 - 8 - AV 2937 = 14 stim. 5 %

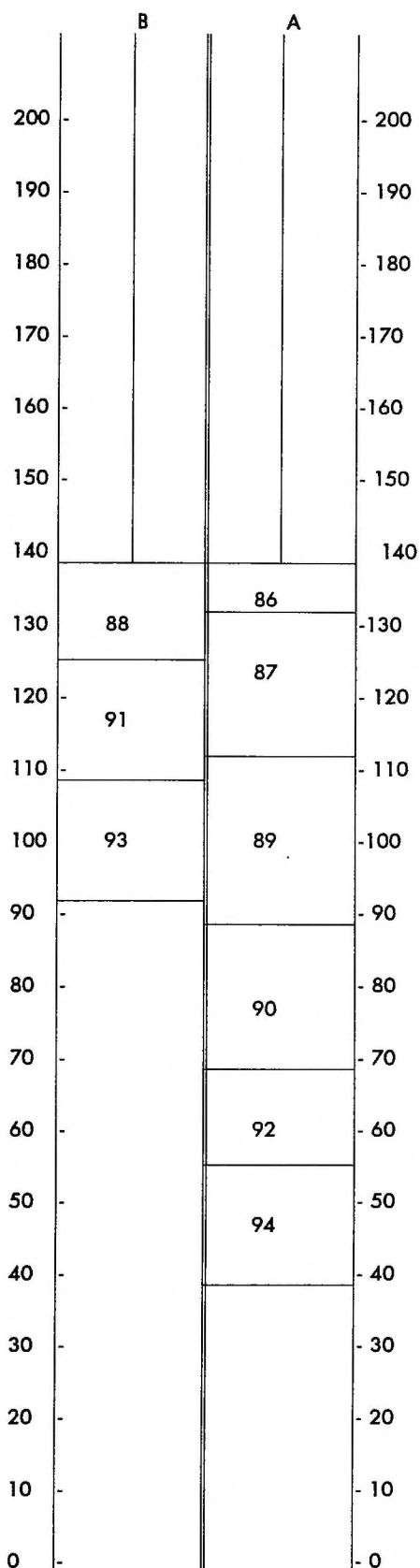
. the level of production of blocks 8 and 38 must increase.

[illegible]

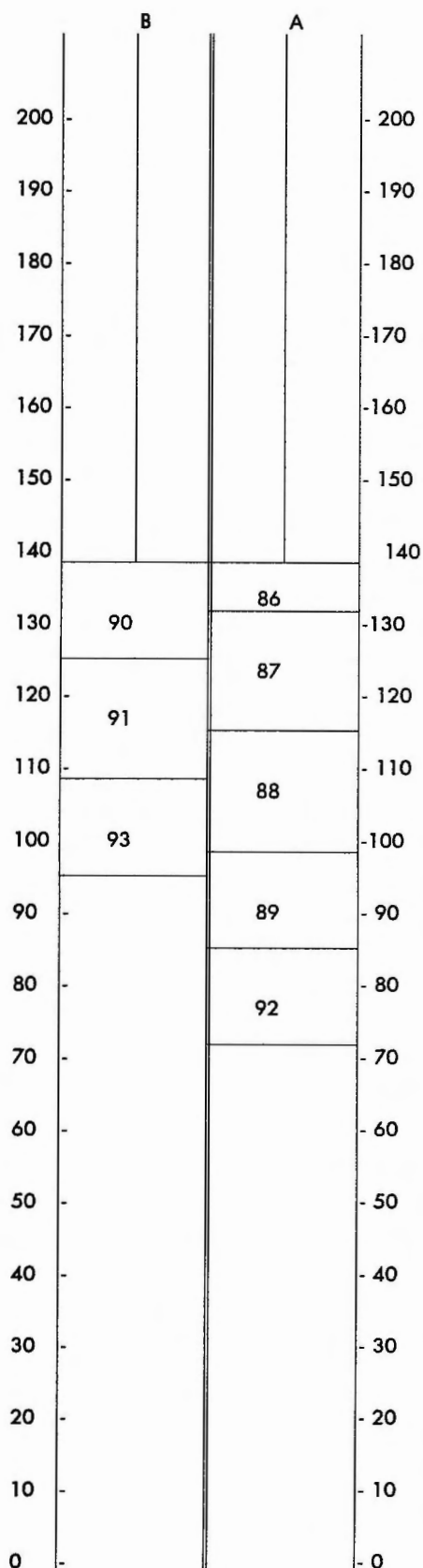
- . blocks 1 and 6 GT 1 follow the evolution of the leaves fall.
- . better control of the depth of tapping.
- . blocks 2 - 24 - 25 = 14 stim. 5 %
- . blocks 6 and 1 = 12 stim. 5 %

[illegible]

- the production of this block is too low
- increase the stimulation at 10 in 1992 at 5 %.

[illegible]

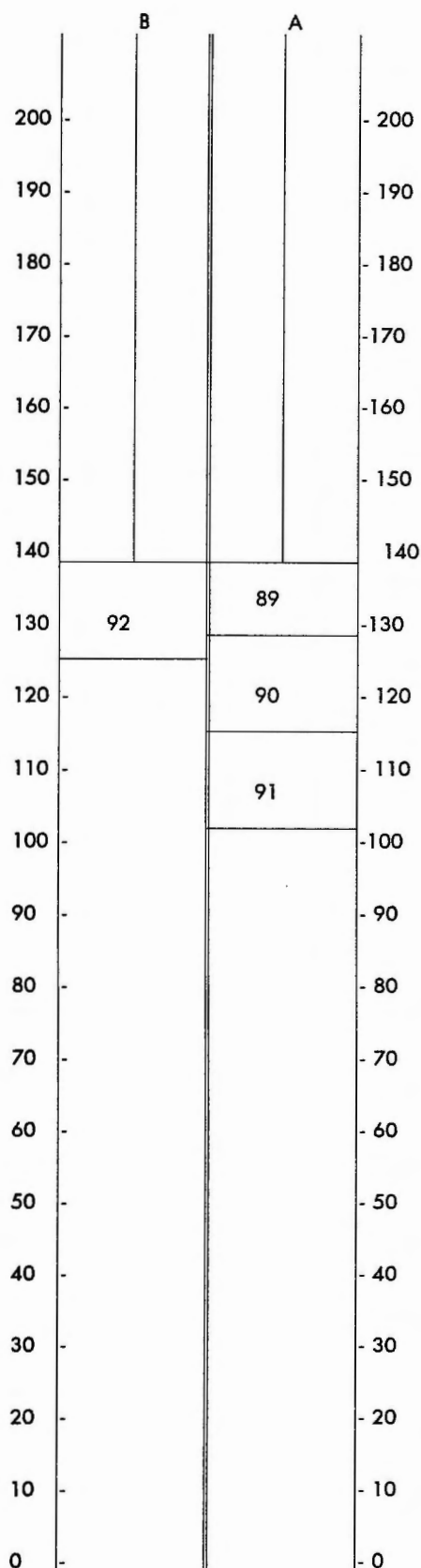
- the production of this block must increase
- in 1992 = 12 stimulations at 5 %

[illegible]

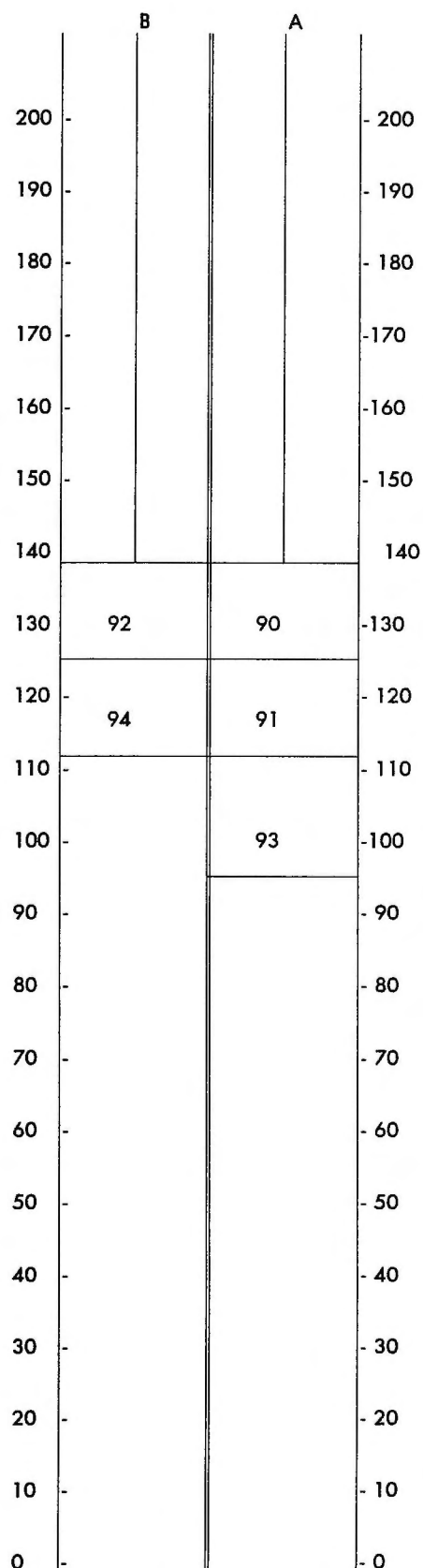
Date of visit : 17/6/91
Name of the plantations : TANAH - BESIH
 Block : 19 (associated block 18)
 area : 41
 clone : PB 235 - 260
 date of planting : 1984
 date of opening : July 1989

Observations :

- . clones PB 235 and 260
- . clones PR 261 and PR 255 = 8 stim. at 5 %

[illegible]

- . good production the first year of tapping
- . 1992 only 4 stim. 2.5 %

[illegible]

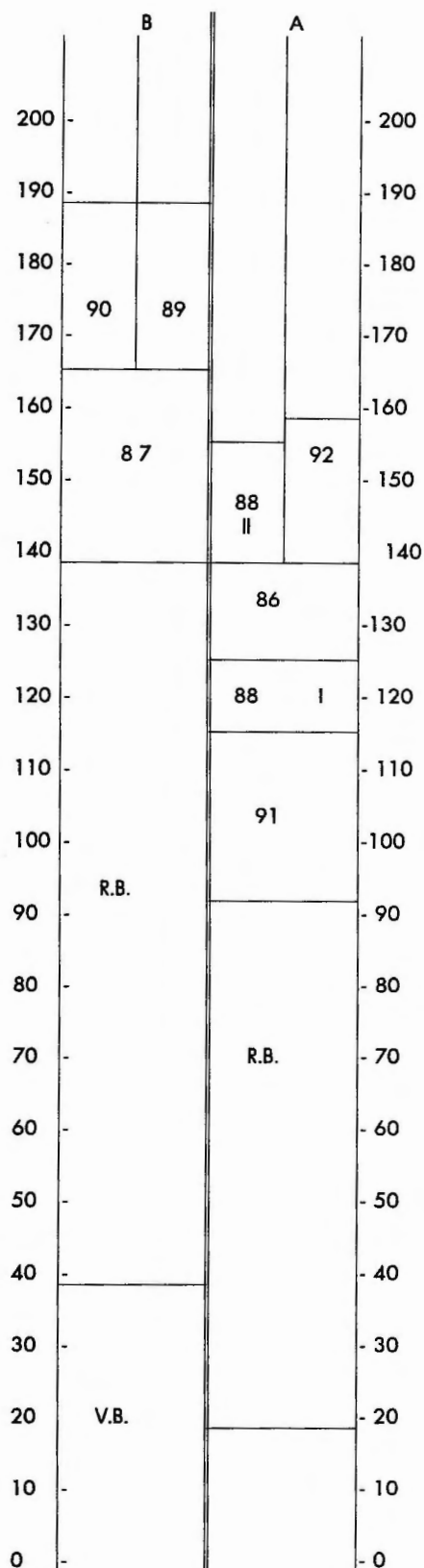
2.5. TANJUNG MARIA

- ♦ Area tapped in 1990 : 831 ha
- ♦ Area being tapped in 1991 : 911 ha
- ♦ Average production per ha : 1,659 kg
- ♦ Increase in production per ha 1989/1990 : + 5.2%
- ♦ The comments on the number of trees being tapped are as follows:
 - For plantings aged 20 years, the number of trees being tapped per hectare varies from 225 to 381.
 - For plantings aged 11 years and under, the number of trees being tapped per hectare varies from 239 to 434.
- ♦ Production levels are satisfactory on the whole, apart from blocks 17, 22, 19 and 20, where production ought to increase.
- ♦ Block 17 has been chosen for setting up a new tapping trial, replacing the trial at Lima-Pulah which was halted due to wind-damaged trees (October 1990). The trial procedure is given in the annex.
- ♦ The tapping system recommendations for 1992 are given in the following tables and diagrams.

TANJUNG - MARIA

Visited blocks	Associated blocks	Planting year /clone	Tapping system and stimulation 1992	a.i. mg/t/year
20	22	69/70 GT 1	S/4 ↗ d/4 + 20 stim. 5 %	400
21	-	69/70 GT 1	"	400
19	-	68/70 GT 1	S/4 ↗ d/4 + 20 stim. 5 %	400
		AVROS	S/4 ↗ d/4 + 24 stim. 5 %	480
1	2	1970 GT 1	S/4 ↗ d/4 + 20 stim. 5 %	400
26	25	1971 GT 1	S/4 ↗ d/4 + 20 stim. 5 %	400
17	18	1980 GT 1	S/2 d/4 ↘ + 10 stim. 5 %	400
	18 - 13	AV 2037	S/2 d/4 ↘ + 14 stim. 5 %	560
7	-	1981 GT 1	S/2 d/4 ↘ + 10 stim. 5 %	400
5	-	1984 PB 235-260	S/2 d/4 ↘ + 4 stim. 2.5 %	60
		GT 1	" + 10 stim. 2.5 %	175
		PR 261-255	" + 8 stim. 5 %	280
4	7	1985 PB 235-260	S/2 d/4 + 4 stim. 2.5 %	60
3	-	1986 PB 235-260	S/2 d/4 + 3 stim. 2.5 %	45

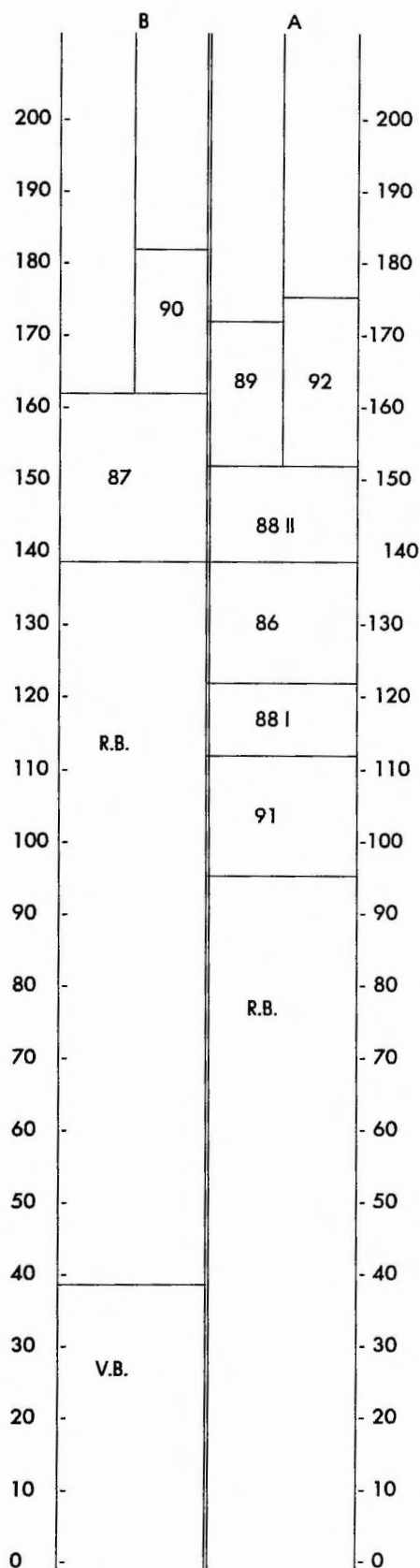
- . from July to december 1991 : 9 stim. at 5 %
- . increase the bark consumption in 1991
 - only 6 cm during the 1st 6 months
- . 1992 S/4upward + 20 stim. 5 %

[illegible]

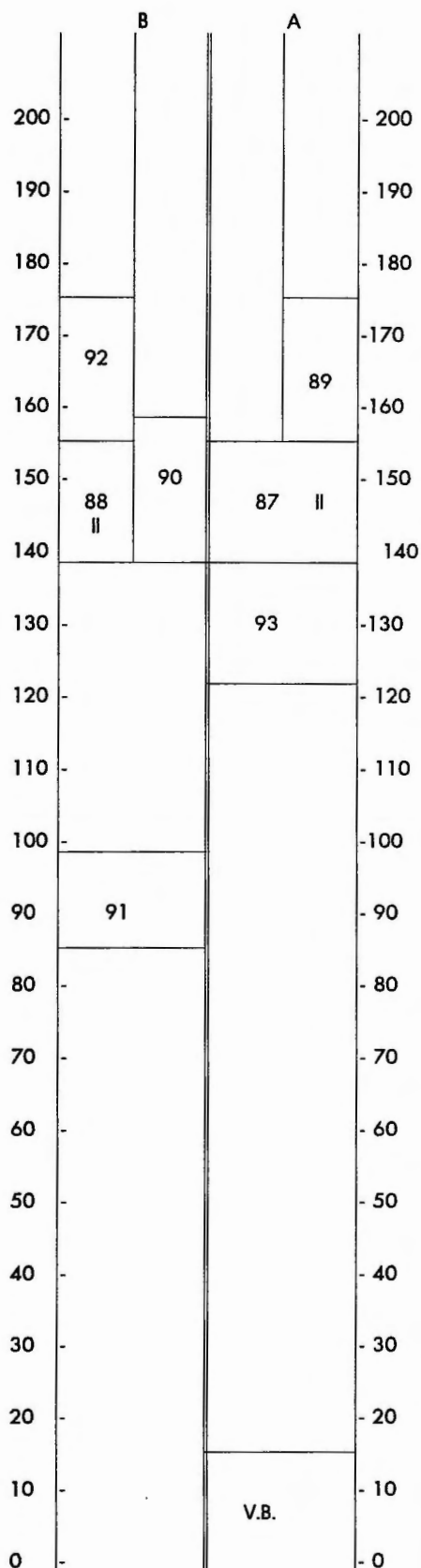
Date of visit : 21/6/91
Name of the plantations : TANJUNG MARIA
 Block : 21
 area : 41 ha
 clone : GT 1
 date of planting : 69/70
 date of opening :

Observations :

- . from July to December 91 apply 9 stim. at 5 %
- . increase the bark consumption in 91
- . 1992, come back in S/4 upward and apply 20 stim. at 5 %

[illegible]

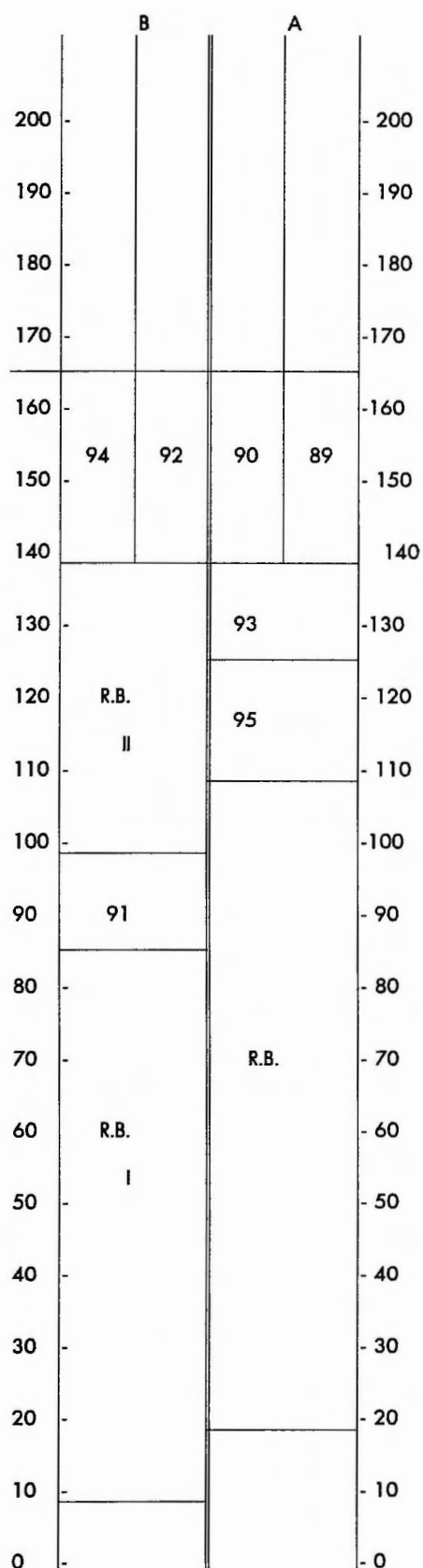
- . GT 1 from July 91 to December 91 - 9 stim. 5 %
- . AVROS 2937 from July 91 to December 91 - 11 stim. 5 %
- . increase bark consumption in 1991
- . 1992 - GT 1 S/4 upward - 20 stim. 5 %
- AVROS S/4 upward - 24 stim. 5 %

[illegible]

Date of visit : 21/6/91
Name of the plantations : TANJUNG - MARIA
 Block : 1 (associated block 2)
 area : 61 ha
 clone : GT1
 date of planting : 1970
 date of opening :

Observations :

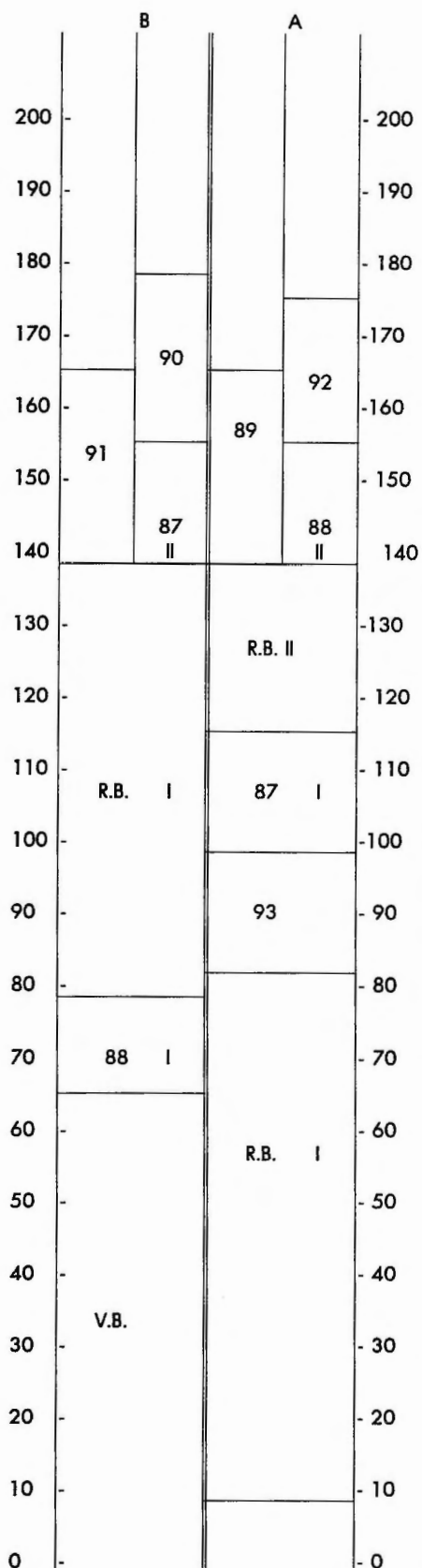
- . from July 1991 to December 1991 - apply 9 stim. at 5 %
- . 1992 S/4 upward apply 20 stim. at 5 %

[illegible]

Date of visit : 21/6/91
Name of the plantations : TANJUNG - MARIA
 Block : 26 (associated block 25)
 area : 84 ha
 clone : GT 1
 date of planting : 1971
 date of opening :

Observations :

- . from July 91 to December 91 apply
10 stimulations at 5 %
- . 1992 - change panel as shown on the diagram
and apply 20 stim. at 5 %
- . be careful with the wounds.

[illegible]

Block : 7

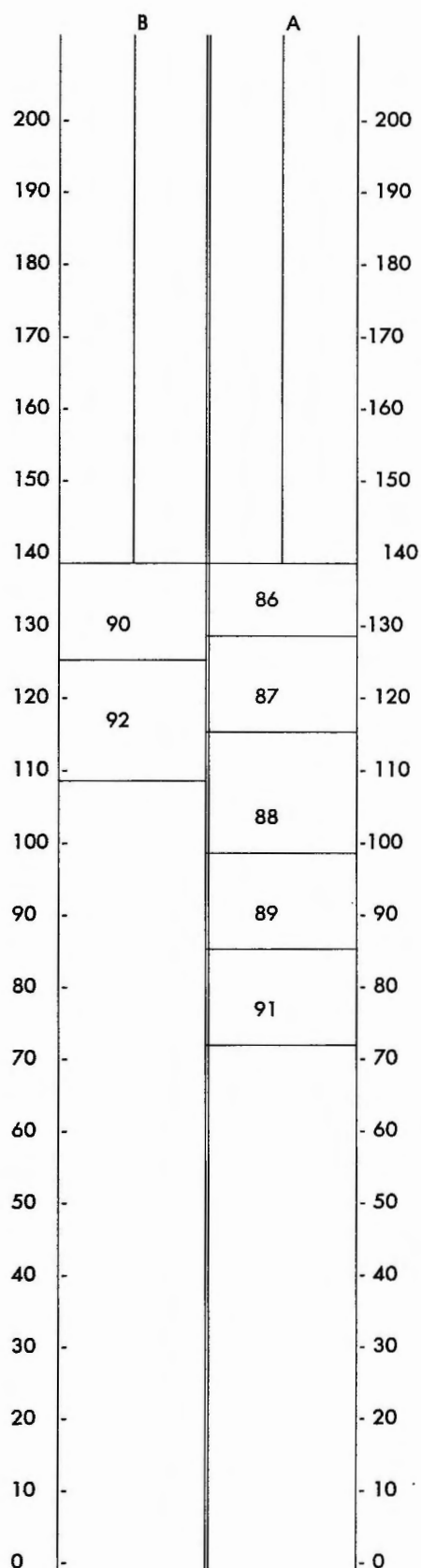
area : 22 ha

clone : GT 1

date of planting : 1981

date of opening : 1986

. follow the diagram : 1992 - 10 stim. 5 %

[illegible]

Block : 5

area : PR 255 (7.2 ha) - PR 261 (9 ha) - GT 1 (29.9 ha) - PB 235 (24 ha) - PB 260 (23.5 ha)

clone :

date of planting : 1984

date of opening : 1989

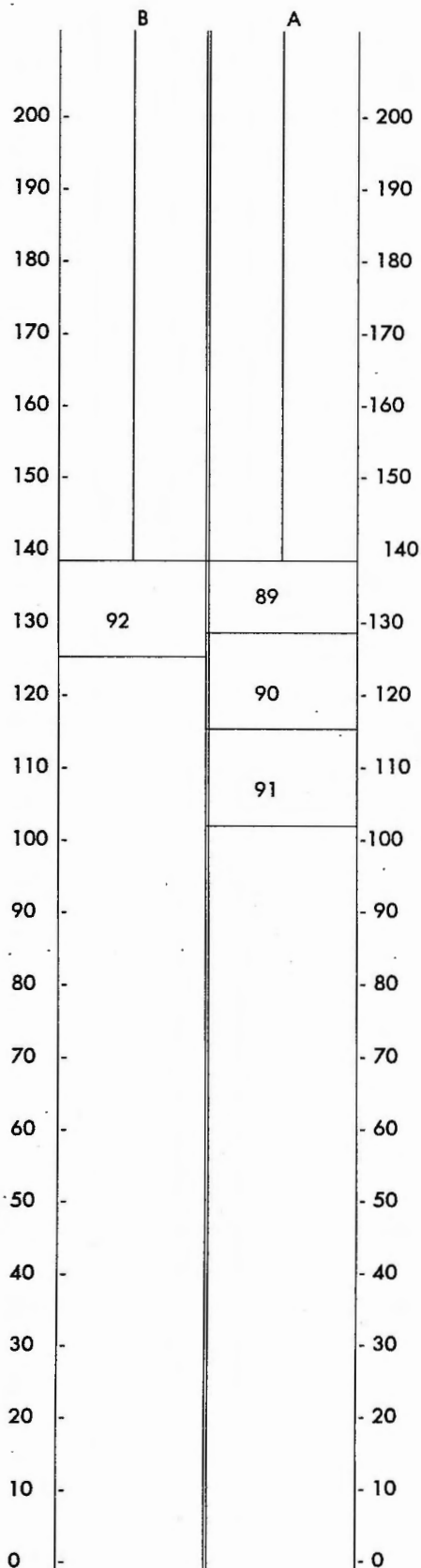
- make observation on the evolution of the canopy on PB 235

follow the diagram in 1992

clones PB 235 - 260 = only 4 stim. 2.5 %

clone GT 1 = 10 stim. at 2.5 %

clones PR 255 - 261 = 8 stim. at 5 %

[illegible]

3. Visit to the Aek-Loba oil palm plantation

3.1. At the request of SOCFINDO management, we took a quick tour round the eastern part of the plantation: Aek Loba Timur and Aek Loba Korsik, which cover 1,135 and 1,322 ha respectively, i.e. a total of 2,457 ha currently planted with oil palm.

SOCFINDO management wanted our opinion on the soil conditions for possible *hevea* planting.

This visit took place in the company of Mr. Ochs (IRHO) and Mr. Tampubolon.

Following this visit, our comments are:

- Relief: flat, slightly sloping from North to South,
- Drainage: the plantation as a whole has a very efficient drain network,
- The soils are quite homogeneous loamy sand on the whole,
- The good performance of a plot of *heveas* around 15 years old can be seen in the Northeast corner near block 8.

3.2. Three trenches, 1.5 m deep, were examined:

- block 34, examination of the profile shows:

a 5-10 cm, brown surface horizon,
 an 80 cm grey/ochre loamy sand layer,
 a 25 cm ochre/yellow layer with red patches (iron-manganese),
 a > 40 cm stripy grey layer.

This is a deep soil with waterlogging marks, probably from the rainy season, from around 1 metre down.

- blocks 6 and 3 (the profiles are very similar):

a 10-15 cm blackish-brown surface horizon
 a 40-50 cm yellowish-orange loamy sand layer,
 a > 50-60 cm greyish-yellow sand layer with quartz grains.

Deep, well-drained soils.

To conclude, the main problem could stem from drainage, though the drain network seems to be very efficient. These deep, sandy soils are perfectly suited to *hevea*.

Reference can be made to the soils at the IRCA Station in the Ivory Coast which is set up on tertiary sands. Tree performance and production are of a very high level, despite substantial chemical impoverishment.

4. Tapping trial

4.1. Trial set up at Lima Pulau (LP-AE-01)

This trial was set up in January 1988. Conclusions have been drawn up each year (see previous mission reports).

The trial conditions are as follows:

- clone GT 1, trees planted in 1979, tapping begun at 5 years in 1/2 S d/3. The trial began in January 1988, at the beginning of the 5th tapping year, i.e. at the beginning of the 9th year after planting.
- Aims:
 - compare under trial conditions the control system consisting of 1/2 S d/4 + 10 stimulations/year (2.5% a.i., i.e. 200 mg a.i./year) to the same systems with higher stimulation intensity (320, 400, 480 mg a.i./year).
 - compare the conventional 1/2 S downward tapping system with 1/4 S upward tapping, alternated annually with 1/2 S downward.

After 3 years of trials, the results in the annex reveal:

- 1) a good production level for the control: 1,558 kg/ha, 1,890 kg/ha and 2,499 kg/ha respectively in 1988-89 and 90.
- 2) under trial conditions, especially on GT 1 at this age, increased stimulation does not lead to over-production; the production results do not differ significantly between treatments 1, 2, 3 and 4.
- 3) The following table shows the production levels for the 3 trial years:

Production over the 3 years for the 1/2 S \searrow control and the treatments with alternate 1/2 S \searrow and 1/4 S \nearrow

YEAR	CUT	TREAT. 5		TREAT. 6		CONTROL
		a.i/y	Kg/ha	a.i/y	Kg/ha	1/2 S \searrow stim. 400 mg a.i/y
1988	1/4 S \nearrow	240	1217	400	1556	1558
1989	1/2 S \searrow	400	2539	400	2233	1890
1990	1/4 S \nearrow	240	1556	400	1881	2499
Total		5312		5670		5947
		89		95		100

91	1/2 S \searrow	400	1163	400	1053	1278	56-3
Total		6.481		6.723		7.295	
		90		93		100	

- a. alternating $1/2 S \searrow$ and $1/4 S \nearrow$ leads to over-production for $1/2 S \searrow$.
- b. it is probable that stimulation in $1/4 S$ of treatment 5 (240 mg of a.i./year) is too low. In fact, returning to normally stimulated $1/2 S \searrow$ reveals clear over-production compared to the control.
- c. stimulation of $1/4 S \nearrow$ at 400 mg of a.i./year gives good production results.

When the $1/4 S \nearrow$ d/4 system is applied, a very low intensity system, quite strong stimulation is required. 400 mg of a.i./year seems to be the minimum level.

- d. Given the high production potential of upper bark with reversed tapping, it seems that upward tapping should not be introduced on GT 1 until downward tapping has been practised for 8-10 years.

It would have been interesting to continue this trial on a long-term basis to check the impact of $1/4 S \nearrow$ and $1/2 S \searrow$ on tree performance, especially on their physiological condition, using latex diagnosis. Unfortunately, the October 1990 tornado caused numerous tree losses.

The figures indicating the number of trees remaining per elementary plot are given in the annex. Whereas there were around 100 trees being tapped in all the plots at the beginning of the trial, the last inventory shows variations ranging from 23 trees in plot B5 to 106 trees in plot C6. The statistical design is highly unbalanced, hence the trial is jeopardized and is due to be halted at the end of 1991.

We propose setting up a new trial. The protocol is given in the annex.

5. Note on clone recommendations for the short and medium terms in SOCFINDO's planting-replanting programme

5.1. Strategy

- . Large-scale planting of an already well-known set of clones (short-term aim).
- . Enhance the composition of this set of clones intended for commercial estates by setting up single-clone blocks (commercial type, with promising clones) (medium-term aim).
- . Enlarge the list of promising clones by the regular introduction of experimental clones, which will be tested in small, single-clone plantings (long-term aim).
- . Ensure that the clone choice policy is flexible and forward-looking.

It is necessary to:

- . maintain a good balance in the clonal composition of plantations,
- . maintain a good balance between the three groups of clones:
 - commercial clones (category I)
 - pre-commercial clones (category II)
 - experimental clones (category III)
- . ensure good management of the budwood gardens supplying the three types of plantations,
- . simplify planting designs, so as to move towards the conditions of commercial estates.

5.2. Principles

- Divide up the clones into recommendation categories:

^ category I, large-scale	5 clones
^ category II, medium-scale	10 clones
^ category III, experimental scale	20 clones

For example, clones which are undoubtedly of great value, but which may have certain unfavourable characteristics under SOCFINDO agricultural conditions in Indonesia, should be categorized accordingly. Such is the case with PB 217 with its susceptibility to *Gloesporium*, or PR 107 with its uncertain economic profitability given its slow growth and late start to production.

- Establish area quotas for each of the clone categories:
 - * category I 80% of the area planted (commercial)
 - * category II 15% of the area planted (pre-commercial)
 - * category III 5% of the area planted (experimental)
- Draw up planting programmes in 5-6 year stages. Given the lack of reliable results for clones in North Sumatra, the following recommendations were arrived at for SOCFINDO, by data cross-checking:
 - a) for replanting only (table 5.4)
 - b) for replanting and new extensions (table 5.5).

5.3. Clone classification for North Sumatra, according to available information

Category I (80% of the area planted)

PB 235 - PB 260 - GT 1 (if there is not too high a risk of *Gloesporium*, otherwise replace it with PR 261.

RRIC 100 and PB 217 (if *Gloesporium* risks are high, replace with PB 254).

Category II (15% of the area planted)

IRCA - 18 - 111 - 109

PB - 255 - 330 - 280

PR - 300 - 255

BPM 24

RRIM 712 (watch out for leaf diseases)

Category III (5% of the area planted)

PB - 310 - 311 - 314 - 324 - 340

RRIM - 805 - 901 - 905 - 703 - 926 - PM 10

IRCA - 130 - 230

BPM - 1

PR - 303 - 309

RRIC - 101 - 110 - 121

5.4. Recommendations for replanting programme only in SOCFINDO (according to the table of agricultural department 15/2/91)

PLANTATION	YEARS	HA	CLONES TO BE PLANTED CLASE I	CLONES TO BE PLANTED CLASSE II	CLONES FOR CLONAL FIELD
Tanjung Maria	92	56	PB 235 (56)		
	93	72	PB 260 (52)	IRCA 18 (10), IRCA III (10)	
	94	-			
	95	-			
Tanah Besih	92	-			
	93	-			
	94	40	RRIC 100 (40)		
	95	41	PB 217 (41)		
Lima-Puluh	92	84	PR 261 (54)	IRCA 109 (15), PB 255 (15)	-
	93	87	RRIC 100 (50)	RRIM 712 (15), BPM 24(15)	7 ha (PB 310 - 311
	94	116	PB 235 (50) PB 260 (50)	PB 330 (16)	314 - 324 - 340 - GT 1
	95	-			PB 235)
Aek-Pamienke	92	115	PB 235 (50), PB 260 (50)	PB 280 (15)	
	93	118	PR261 (45), RRIC 100 (48)	PR 300 (18)	7 ha (5 clones RRIM)
	94	114	PB 254 (50), PB 260 (57)	-	7 ha (IRCA 130 - 230 -
	95	-		-	PR 303 - 309 - BPM 1)
Total		843	693 ha (82 %)	129 (15 %)	21 (2,5 %)

in brackets the area per clone in ha.

5.5. Recommendations for the total area of new planting/replanting programmes in SOCFINDO 1992-1995 (according to the table of agricultural department 15/2/91)

ANNEES	AREA (HA)	AREA PER CLONE		
		(1) classe I	(2) classe II	(3) classe III
92	505	355	125	25
93	1514	1314	125	75
94	1787	1437	250	100
95	1376	1026	250	100
Total	5182			

- (1) distribution of the 5 clones in category II according to plantation, available areas and budwood garden availability.
- (2) for testing 10 promising clones (category II) at a rate of 3 x 25 ha/clone (5 clones in 92; 5 clones in 93; 10 clones in 94 and 95).
- (3) for testing 20 new clones (category III) at a rate of 3 x 5 ha/clone (5 clones in 92; 15 clones in 93; 20 clones in 94 and 95).

5.6. Comments on the continuation of clone recommendations

The recommendations made above are based on data gathered by IRCA in Africa and Asia, but not on the results of observations made in North Sumatra.

In order to increase the number of clones and issue reliable recommendations, it would be advisable to monitor clones under the conditions prevailing in North Sumatra, both on estates and in experimental clone plots. IRCA is prepared to respond to any request to undertake a study of clone performance in North Sumatra. A visit by the head of the genetics and clone study programme is scheduled for 1992. Following this visit, proposals will be made which should enable progress to be made in clone recommendations.

6. Latex Diagnosis (LD) Laboratory

As soon as the laboratory is operational, it will be necessary to set up a network of plots representative of the plantations for taking the latex samples to be analyzed.

The blocks currently used could serve as a basis for the network.

Mr. Serres should be aware of this report.

It is certain that if the LD results are added to the examination of the parameters currently used, recommendations will be based on even more accurate knowledge of the trees' physiological condition.

As far as possible, the methodology used for tree identification in the Ivory Coast should be applied, or improved upon.

Likewise, the sampling period should be checked.

A N N E X 1



**TAPPING SYSTEM EXPERIMENT
LP-AE-01**

3 years results

- . Production per ha/year
- . Production per tree/tapping
- . Production per tree/year
- . Evolution of the number of tree in tapping/year
- . Girth increment from 1988 to 1991

Trial No. LP - AE - 01 - Treatments

No. of treatment	Tapping system	Stimulation			
		Number a.i. %		Mixture per stimulation per tree	Quantity of a.i./tree/year
1 (red)	S/2 d/4	12	5 %	0.8 cc	480 mg
2 (blue)	S/2 d/4	8	5 %	0.8 cc	320 mg
3 (black) Control.	S/2 d/4	10	2.5 %	0.8 cc	200 mg
4 (yellow)	S/2 d/4	10	5 %	0.8 cc	400 mg
5 (green)	S/4 ↗ d/4 1988-90-92-94	12	5 %	0.4 cc	240 mg
	S/2 d/4 ↘ 1989-91-93-95	10	5 %	0.8 cc	400 mg
6 (white)	S/4 ↗ d/4 1988-90-92-94	20	5 %	0.4 cc	400 mg
	S/2 d/4 ↘ 1989-91-93-95	10	5 %	0.8 cc	400 mg

Repartition of stimulations for one year

Nber of stimulations	Months											
	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
8	x					x	x	x	x	x	x	x
10	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x
12	x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	xx	xx
20	xx	xx	xx			xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx

Date of visit :

Name of the plantations : LIMA - PULUH

Block : 10 - Experiment n° LP-AE-01

area : 6 ha

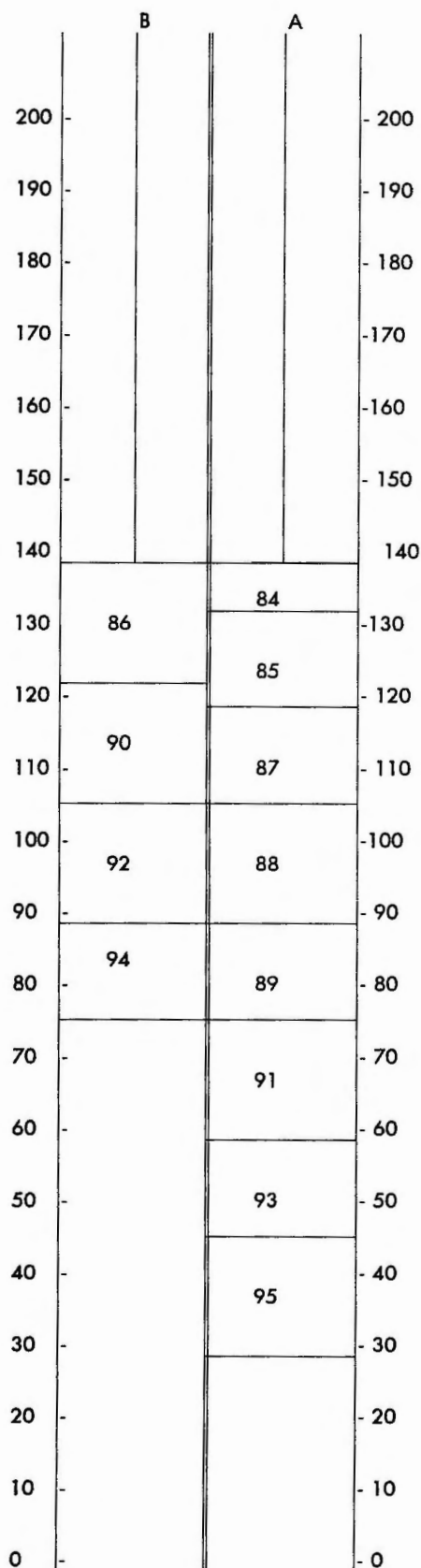
clone : GT 1

date of planting : 1979

date of opening : 1984

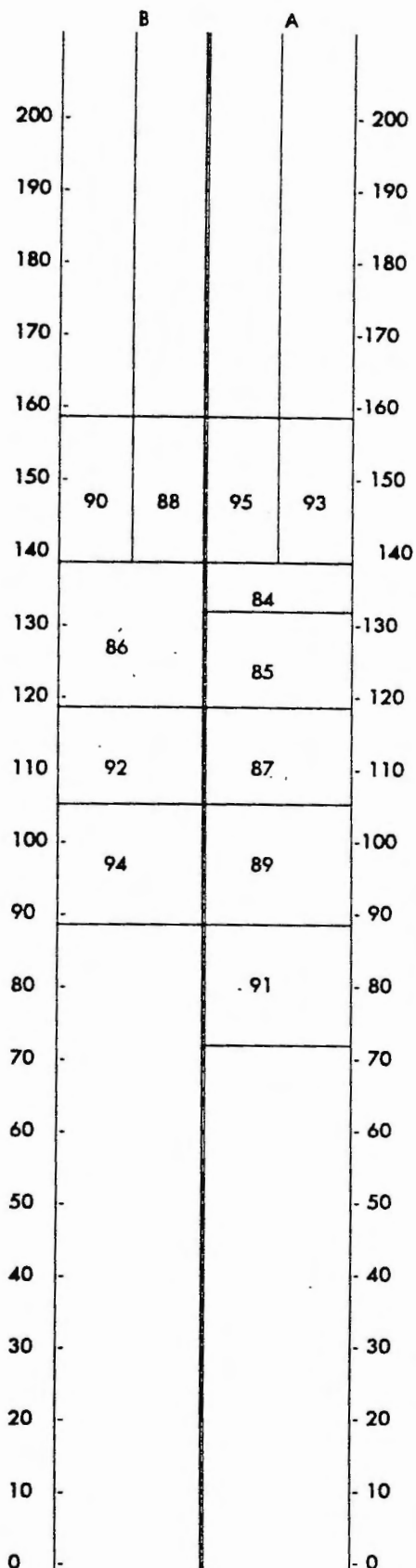
Observations :

diagram treatments 1 - 2 - 3 - 4

[illegible]

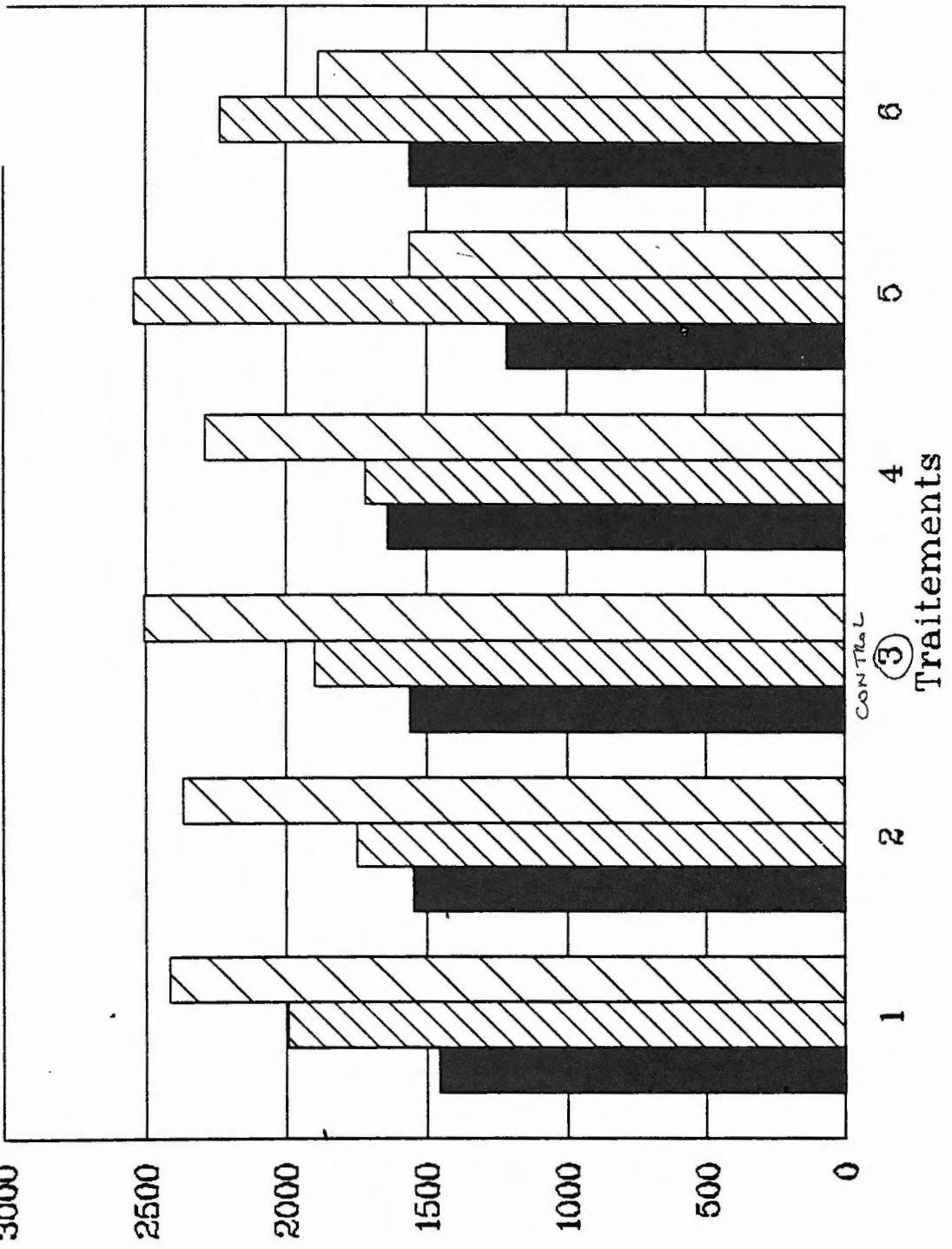
date of opening : 1984

Diagram treatments 5 - 6

[illegible]

LP AE 01 Kg/Ha annuel

Kg/Ha



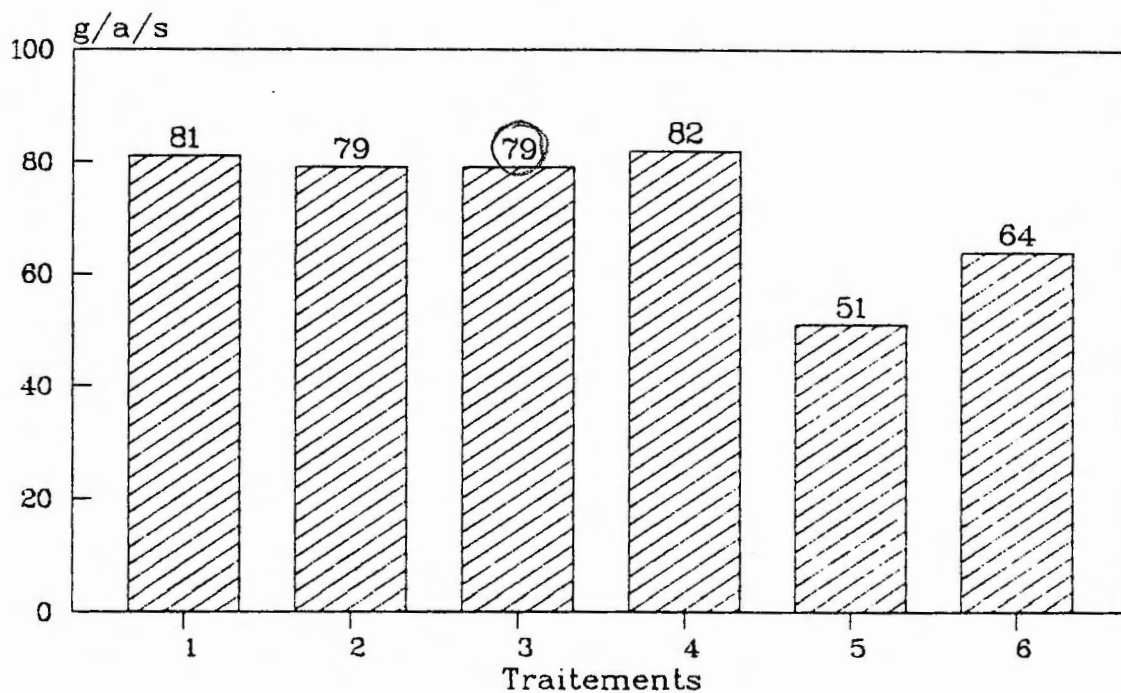
F1	LIBELLES	MOYENNES	GROUPES	HOMOGENES
3	N3	2499.00	A	
1	N1	2416.25	A	
2	N2	1368.50	A	
4	N4	2290.75	A	
6	N6	1551.25	A	2
5	N5	1556.75		3

LP AE 01 Année 1990

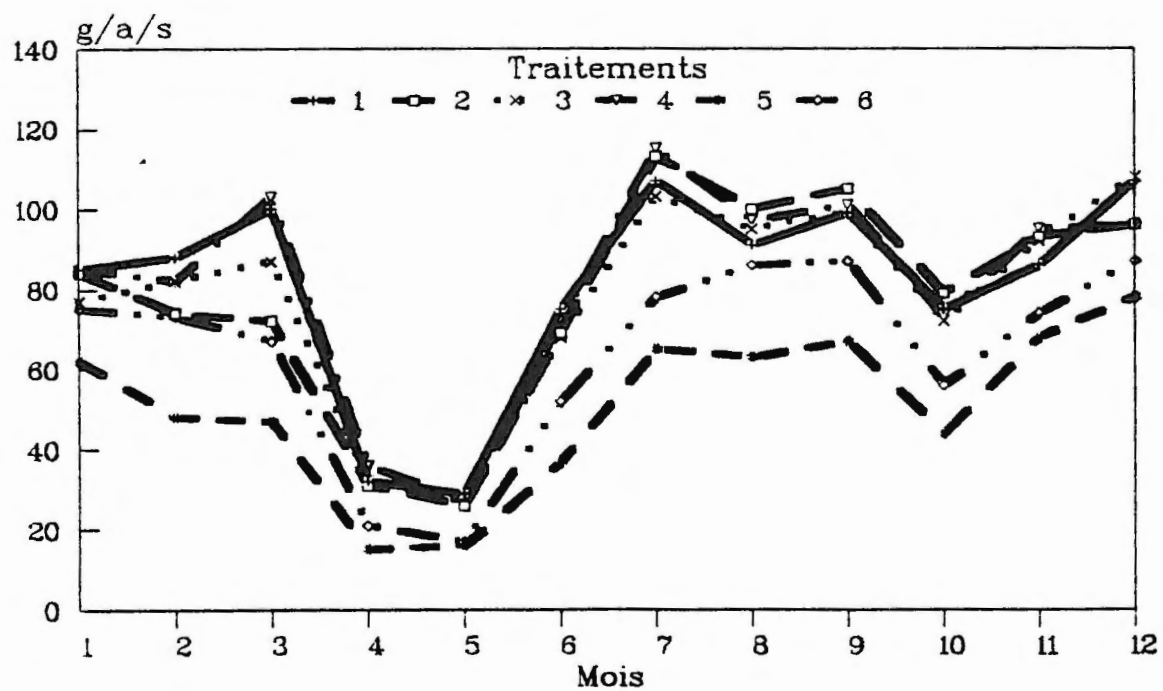
kg/ha	Jan	Fev	Mar	Avr	Mai	Jun	Jul	Aou	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total Jan/Dec	% Jan/Dec	Total Jan/Jun	% Jan/Jun	Total Jul/Dec	%
1	242	214	284	78	81	212	261	258	240	210	159	177	2416	100	1111	100	1305	100
2	234	175	199	75	72	188	270	279	250	219	204	203	2368	98	943	85	1425	109
3	228	209	260	81	81	203	262	282	252	215	205	222	2499	103	1062	96	1437	110
4	221	186	273	82	71	186	258	256	226	190	169	171	2291	95	1020	92	1271	97
5	186	122	141	39	47	109	164	187	171	132	127	132	1557	64	643	58	914	70
6	216	174	188	50	47	144	184	237	205	155	143	138	1881	78	818	74	1063	81
Moyenne	221	180	224	68	66	174	233	250	224	187	168	174	2169		933		1236	

4	4	81.77	A
1	1	81.18	A
3	3	78.55	A
2	2	78.22	A
6	6	64.43	B
5	5	50.93	C

LP AE 01
g/a/s
1990



LP AE 01
g/a/s
1990



LP AE 01 Année 1990

g/a/s	Jan	Fev	Mar	Avr	Mai	Jun	Jul	Aou	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Moyenne Jan/Dec	%	Moyenne Jan/Jun	%	Moyenne Jul/Dec	%
1	85.2	88.0	100.1	31.9	28.8	75.0	107.3	91.3	99.1	74.8	86.1	106.6	81.2	100	68.2	100	94.2	100
2	83.8	73.8	71.9	31.4	25.7	68.5	113.1	100.2	104.5	78.6	93.2	95.7	78.3	97	59.2	87	97.5	104
3	77.2	82.3	87.3	31.9	27.1	68.3	102.9	94.8	98.5	71.9	92.3	108.4	— 78.6	97	62.4	91	94.8	101
4	84.6	82.3	103.2	36.0	27.2	71.8	115.2	97.2	100.8	72.5	94.5	95.6	81.7	101	67.5	99	96.0	102
5	62.0	48.0	47.2	15.2	15.8	36.5	64.5	63.0	67.2	44.4	67.7	78.4	50.8	63	37.4	55	64.2	68
6	75.4	73.3	67.4	20.9	16.8	52.1	77.8	85.8	87.4	55.7	73.5	87.4	64.5	79	51.0	75	77.9	83
Moyenne	78.0	74.6	79.5	27.9	23.6	62.0	96.8	88.7	92.9	66.3	84.5	95.3						

LP AE 01 Année 1990

g/a	Jan	Fev	Mar	Avr	Mai	Jun	Jul	Aou	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total Jan/Dec	% Jan/Dec	Total Jan/Jun	% Jan/Jun	Total Jul/Dec	% Jul/Dec
1	597	528	701	191	201	525	644	639	595	523	602	746	6492	100	2743	100	3750	100
2	586	442	503	188	180	479	679	701	627	550	652	670	6258	96	2380	87	3878	103
3	540	494	611	191	190	478	617	663	591	503	646	759	6285	97	2505	91	3780	101
4	592	494	722	216	191	502	691	681	605	508	662	669	6532	101	2717	99	3816	102
5	434	288	330	91	110	255	387	441	403	311	474	549	4073	63	1509	55	2565	68
6	527	439	472	125	118	365	467	601	525	390	514	612	5155	79	2047	75	3108	83
Moyenne	546	448	557	125	165	434	581	621	558	464	592	667	5799		2317		3483	

CUMUL KG SEC / HECTARE	LPAE01	1/ 1/ 90	1/12/ 90
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Trait	Rep.	1	2	3	4	moy.
1		2245.7	2620.1	2522.1	2277.4	2416.3
2		2053.9	2559.9	2317.0	2542.8	2368.4
3		2234.7	2658.4	2577.8	2525.1	2499.0
4		1910.5	3247.3	2242.2	1763.4	2290.9
5		1498.5	1327.7	1694.3	1705.7	1556.6
6		1782.7	1599.1	2260.7	1882.0	1881.1
moy.		1954.3	2335.4	2269.0	2116.1	2168.7

CUMUL GRAMME /ARBRE	LPAE01	1/ 1/ 90	1/12/ 90
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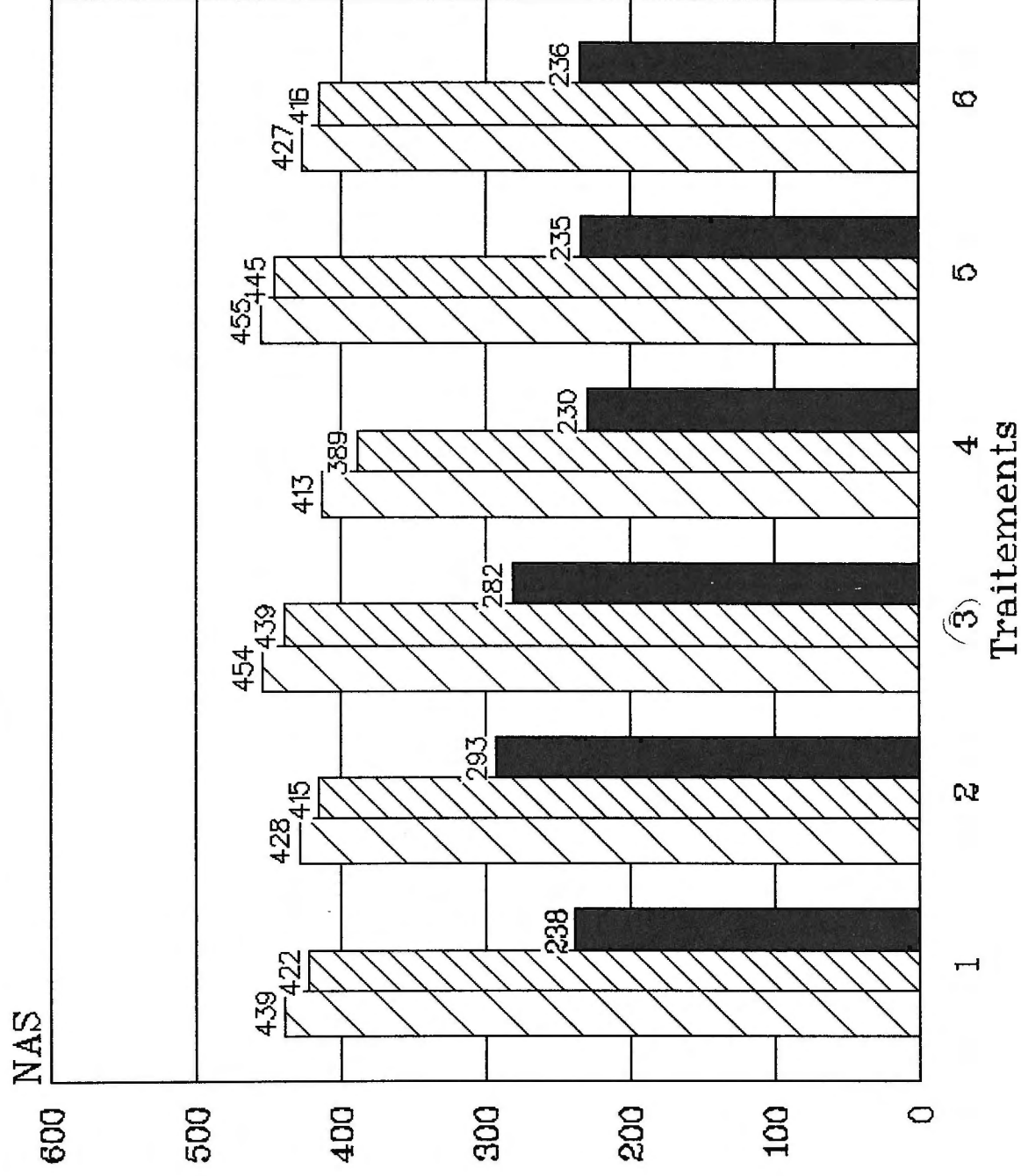
Trait	Rep.	1	2	3	4	moy.
1		6326.8	7052.0	6409.0	6180.8	6492.1
2		5506.2	6656.3	6750.9	6119.0	6258.1
3		6016.0	6936.3	6104.6	6083.2	6285.0
4		5406.4	7380.9	6790.4	6552.7	6532.6
5		4038.8	3861.4	4042.9	4350.2	4073.3
6		5233.7	5070.6	5280.9	5033.9	5154.8
moy.		5421.3	6159.6	5896.4	5720.0	5799.3

CUMUL GRAMME/ARBRE/SAIGNEE	LPAE01	1/ 1/ 90	1/12/ 90
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Trait	Rep.	1	2	3	4	moy.
1		79.08	88.15	80.11	77.26	81.15
2		68.83	83.20	84.39	76.49	78.23
3		75.20	86.70	76.31	76.04	78.56
4		67.58	92.26	84.88	81.91	81.66
5		50.49	48.27	50.54	54.38	50.92
6		65.42	63.38	66.01	62.92	64.43
moy.		67.77	76.99	73.71	71.50	72.49

LP AE 01

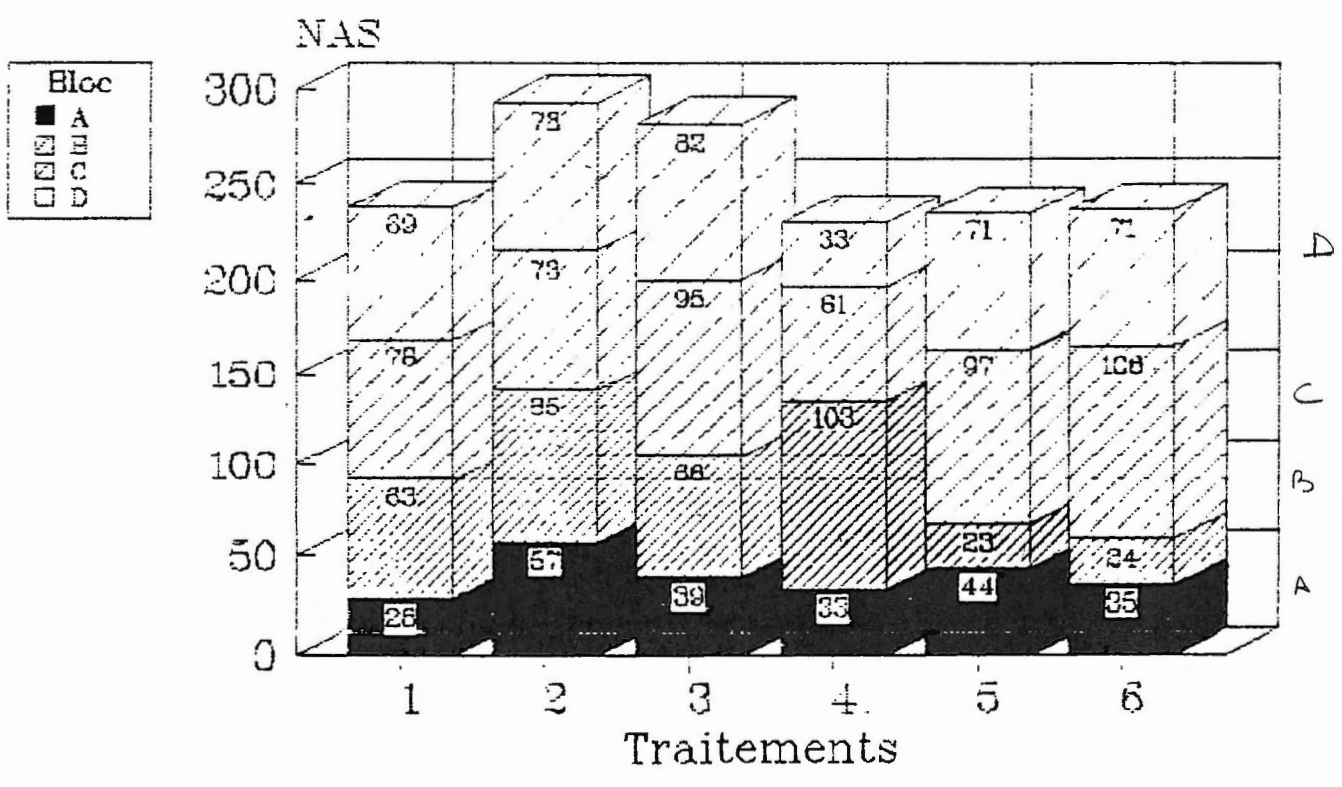
Arbres saignés



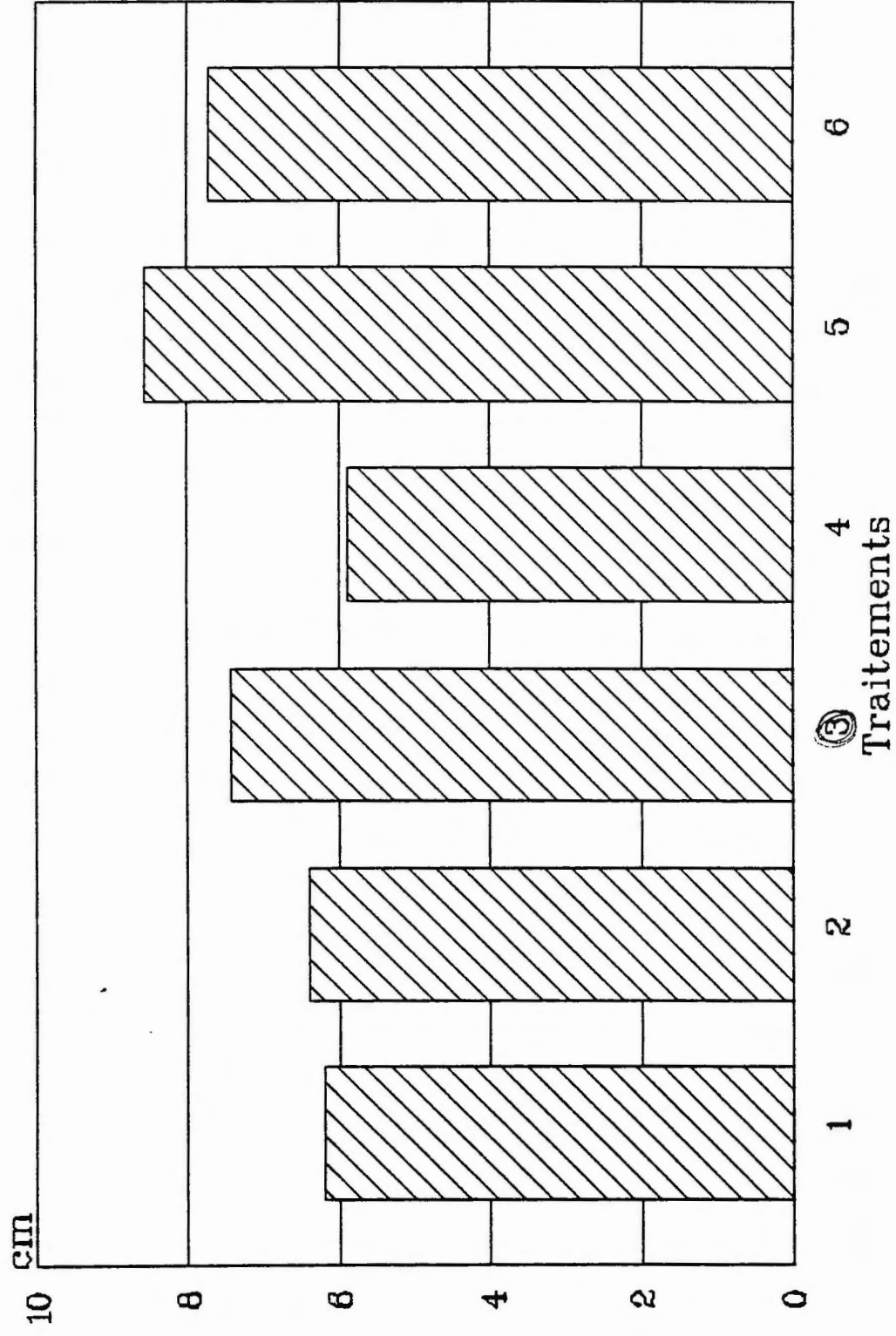
Arbres saignés 1/9

		A	B	C	D	Moy
1) 1/2S 5% 12/Y	1	28	63	78	69	60
2) 1/2S 5% 8/Y	2	57	85	73	78	73
3) 1/2S 2,5% 10/Y	3	39	66	95	82	71
4) 1/2S 5% 10/Y	4	33	103	61	33	58
5) 1/4S / 5% 12/Y	5	44	23	97	71	59
6) 1/4S / 5% 20/Y	6	35	24	106	71	59
		39	61	85	67	63

LP AE 01
Arbres saignés 1/91



Accroissement 88/91



FI	LIBELLES	MOYENNES	GROUPES	POPULATIONS
5	5	8.55	A	
6	6	7.72	A	B
3	3	7.42	A	B
2	2	6.38	B	
1	1	6.17	B	
4	4	5.82	B	

ANNEX 2

Tapping trial on GT 1
SOCFINDO's TANJUNG MARIA PLANTATION

Trial TM-EA-01

Purpose

With the industrial-scale application of the $1/2 S d/4 +$ stimulation system, the tapping intensity practised by SOCFINDO is low.

However, tapping work is destined to undergo further reduction in the future. In addition, as the results in trial LP-AE-01 revealed the merits of alternating $1/2 S \searrow$ with $1/4 S \nearrow$, it becomes worthwhile to study tapping systems of further reduced intensity.

The results obtained by IRCA, particularly in Africa, also suggest that the $d/5$ frequency will be of interest in the future.

The purpose of this trial is therefore to determine the merits of the $d/5$ frequency in $1/2 S \searrow$ alone or combined with $1/4 S \nearrow$, with stronger stimulation.

With the use of stronger stimulation, latex diagnosis will be a useful tool in monitoring the physiological condition of the trees.

Location

- Plantation : Tanjung Maria
- Block : 17
- Clone : GT 1 planted in 1980
- 1 elementary plot : 4 rows x 30 points = 120 points
- Number of points for the trial:
120 points x 24 elementary plots = 2,880.

Date of visit : 21/6/91
Name of the plantations : TANJUNG - MARIA

Block : 17 (associated blocks 18 and 13 -AVROS)

area : 60 ha

done : GT 1

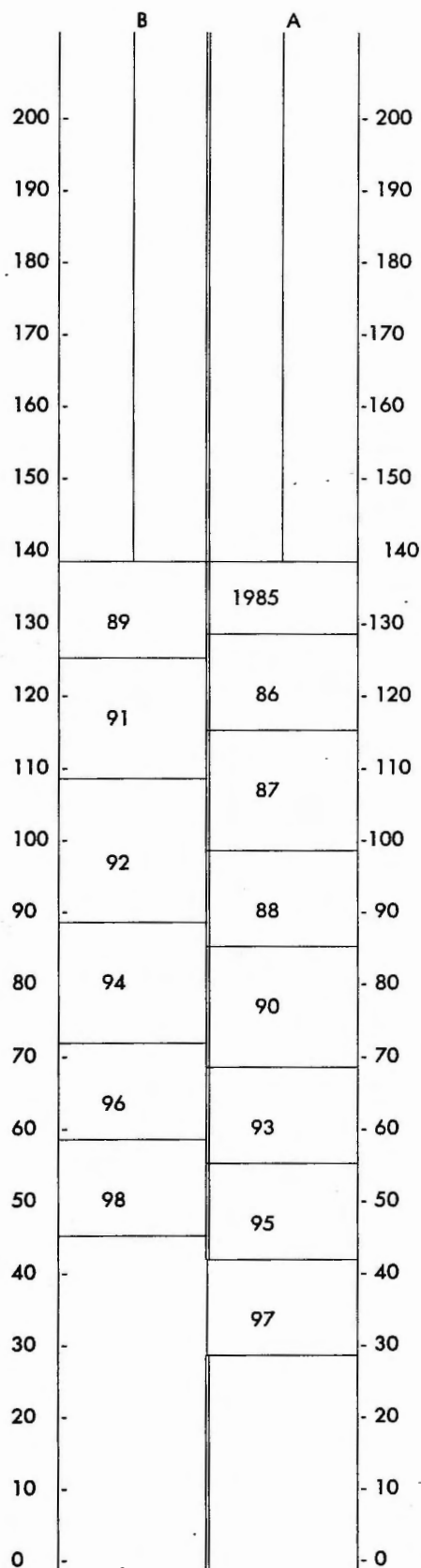
date of planting : 1980

date of opening : 1985

Observations :

Treatment : 1-3-4-5

. position of the cut on the panel from year 92, as shown on the diagram.

[illegible]

Date of visit : 21/6/91

Name of the plantations : TANJUNG - MARIA

Block : 17 (associated blocks 18 and 13 -AVROS)

area : 60 ha

```
done : GT 1
```

date of planting : 1980

date of opening : 1985

Observations :

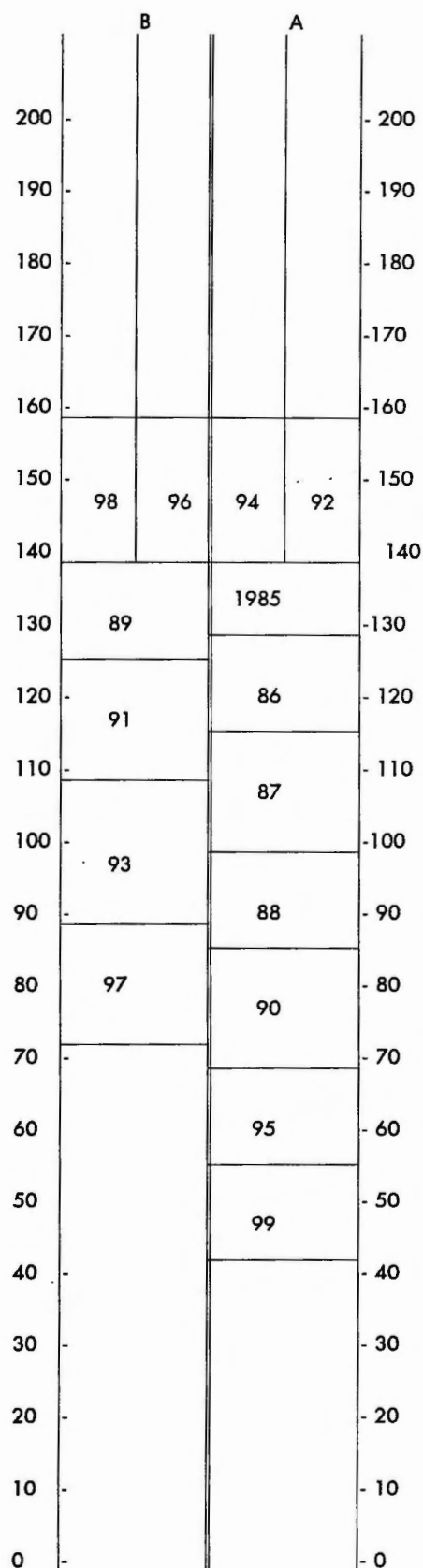
Treatment : 2-6

. position of the cut on the panel from year 92,

92 1/4 S 71

93 1/2 S Δ_i

94 $1/4 S$ and so on..

[illegible]

Treatments :

No. of treatment	Tapping system	Stimulation : concentration 5% a.i.			Number of tapping/ year
		Number/ year	Quantity of mixture	Quantity of a.i./t/y	
Control 1	1/2 S d/4	10	0.8 cc	400	80
2	*1/4 S d/4*	20	0.4 cc	400	80
3	1/2 S d/5	10	0.8 cc	400	65
4	1/2 S d/5	15	0.8 cc	600	65
5	1/2 S d/5	20	0.8 cc	800	65
6	*1/4 S d/5*	24	0.4 cc	480	65

* See the diagram of the tapping panel.

Color paint for identification of trees :

Treatment 1	Red
Treatment 2	Blue
Treatment 3	Black
Treatment 4	Yellow
Treatment 5	Green
Treatment 6	White

Dimensions :

- ° Elementary plot :

$$4 \text{ rows } \times 30 \text{ points } = 120 \text{ points}$$

- ° One replication :

$$6 \text{ treatments } \times 120 \text{ points } = 720 \text{ points}$$

- ° The experiment :

$$4 \text{ replications } \times 720 \text{ points } = 2880 \text{ points.}$$

Rough outline of the experiment :

Replication

A	6 white	1 red	4 yellow	2 blue	5 green	3 black
B	1 red	3 black	6 white	4 yellow	2 blue	5 green
C	5 green	6 white	2 blue	1 red	4 yellow	3 black
D	2 blue	5 green	1 red	4 yellow	3 black	6 white

Setting up :

The setting up must be the same as experiment in LIMA-PULUH.

It will be very usefull to check the uniformity of plots, making controle of production the first 3 months of experiment without any change of tapping system (october, november, december).

Observations and checks :

The trees in the trial will have to be followed up with measurements of growth, yield, state of health of the trees (dry cuts, other disease, etc.).

Growth : individual, measurement of girth at a height of 1.70 m, to be entered on the attached plans per replication (when established, then one a year).

Yield : . at elementary plot level, measure the weight of latex (each tapping),

. per treatment, mix the latex from 4 replications, measure the DRC in accordance with the SOCFINDO method,

. the DRC measurement must be taken on each day of tapping,

. measure the weight of cup lumps ; a coefficient of 50% should be allowed for converting damp weight into dry weight.

Remarks :

- . The map of the experiment is the same as the first experiment LP-AE-01.
- . The controles are the same as the LP-AE-01 experiment.

ANNEX 3

ANNEX III

Stimulation depending on the clones and the tapping year

The different work carried out on Ethrel application to stimulate *hevea* latex production has revealed different clone reactions. Thus, as knowledge stands at present, a distinction can be made between three categories of clones in respect of stimulation.

1. Stimulation intensity

- clones requiring slight stimulation
PB 235, PB 260, PB 5/51, IRCA 111
- clones requiring moderate stimulation
GT 1, RRIM 600, PR 107
- clones requiring strong stimulation
AVROS 2037, PR 261, PB 217

Based on this typology, stimulation recommendations that can be made for a 1/2 S D/4-D/5-D/5 system are compiled in the attached table.

Number of tappings : 78 if tapped 12 months/12
72 if tapped 11 months/12
66 if tapped 10 months/12

2. Quantity of mixture applied for each stimulation

1/2 S = 0.6 g to 0.8 g depending on tree age
1/4 S = 0.4 g/stimulation

QUANTITE DE STIMULATION EN FONCTION DES CLONES ET DE L'AGE DES ARBRES

année de saignée	catégorie/clone réponse à la stimulation	quantité de mélange stimulation gr	Nombre de stimulation	concentration du mélange %	quantité de matière active mg/arbre
1ère année	faible moyenne forte	0.6 - -	4 8 6	2.5 2.5 5	60 120 180
2ème et 3ème année	faible moyenne forte	0.7 - -	5 10 8	2.5 2.5 5	88 175 280
4 - 5 - 6ème année	faible moyenne forte	0.8 - -	6 12 9	2.5 2.5 5	120 240 360
7ème et suivantes	faible moyenne forte	0.8 - -	8 10 12	2.5 5 5	160 400 480
1/2 S ↑ après 15 années de saignée	faible moyenne forte	0.8 - -	6 10 9	2.5 2.5 5	120 175 360
1/4 S ↑ à partir de la 11ème année	faible moyenne forte	0.4 - -	12 de 12 à 20 selon Cas et âge	2.5 2.5 ou 5 % selon selon cas et âge	120 120 à 400

STIMULATION TIME

N° of stimulation	Month	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	O	N	D
4							x				x	x	x
8		x					x	x	x	x	x	x	x
10		x	x	x			x	x	x	x	x	x	x
12		x	x	x			x	x	x	x	xx	x	xx
13		x	x	x			x	x	x	x	xx	xx	xx
15		xx	x	x			x	x	x	xx	xx	xx	xx
18		xx	x	x			xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx
20		xx	xx	xx			xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx	xx